

User Manual Of ELD5 Servo

V1.00



Introduction


Thanks for purchasing Leadshine ELD5-series low-voltage AC servo drive, this instruction manual provides knowledge and attention for using this driver.


Contact tech@leadshine.com for more technical service .


Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- ◇ We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- ◇ We won't undertake any responsibility with customer's any modification of product, and the warranty of product will be cancel at the same time.

Be attention to the following warning symbol:

 **Warning** indicates that the error operation could result in loss of life or serious injury.

 **Caution** indicates that the error operation could result in operator injured, also make equipment damaged.

 **Attention** indicates that the error use may damage product and equipment.

Safety precautions



Warning

- The design and manufacture of product doesn't use in mechanic and system which have a threat to operator.
- The safety protection must be provided in design and manufacture when using this product to prevent incorrect operation or abnormal accident.

Acceptance



Caution

- The product which is damaged or have fault is forbidden to use.

Transportation



Caution

- The storage and transportation must be in normal condition.
- Don't stack too high, prevent falling.
- The product should be packaged properly in transportation,
- Don't hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- The product can't undertake external force and shock.

Installation

 **Caution****Servo Driver and Servo Motor:**

- Don't install them on inflammable substance or near it to preventing fire hazard.
- Avoid vibration, prohibit direct impact.
- Don't install the product while the product is damaged or incomplete.

Servo Driver:

- Must install in control cabinet with sufficient safeguarding grade.
- Must reserve sufficient gap with the other equipment.
- Must keep good cooling condition.
- Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conducting object, fluid and inflammable, explosive object from invading.

Servo Motor:

- Installation must be steady, prevent drop from vibrating.
- Prevent fluid from invading to damage motor and encoder.
- Prohibit knocking the motor and shaft, avoid damaging encoder.
- The motor shaft can't bear the load beyond the limits.

Wiring

 **Warning**

- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.
- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and driver without fail.
- The wiring should be connected after servo driver and servo motor installed correctly.
- After correctly connecting cables, insulate the live parts with insulator.

 **Caution**

- The wiring must be connected correctly and steadily, otherwise servo motor may run incorrectly, or damage the equipment.
- We mustn't connect capacitors, inductors or filters between servo motor and servo driver.
- The wire and temperature-resistant object must not be close to radiator of servo driver and motor.
- The freewheel diode which connect in parallel to output signal DC relay mustn't connect reversely.

Debugging and running

 **Caution**

- Make sure the servo driver and servo motor installed properly before power on, fixed steadily, power voltage and wiring correctly.
- The first time of debugging should be run without loaded, debugging with load can be done after confirming parameter setting correctly, to prevent mechanical damage because of error operation.

Using

 **Caution**

- Install a emergency stop protection circuit externally, the protection can stop running immediately to prevent accident happened and the power can be cut off immediately.
- The run signal must be cut off before resetting alarm signal, just to prevent restarting suddenly.
- The servo driver must be matched with specified motor.

- Don't power on and off servo system frequently, just to prevent equipment damaged.
- Forbidden to modify servo system.

Fault Processing



Caution

- The reason of fault must be figured out after alarm occurs, reset alarm signal before restart.
- Keep away from machine, because of restart suddenly if the driver is powered on again after momentary interruption(the design of the machine should be assured to avoid danger when restart occurs)

System selection



Attention

- The rate torque of servo motor should be larger than effective continuous load torque.
- The ratio of load inertia and motor inertia should be smaller than recommended value.
- The servo driver should be matched with servo motor.

Table of Contents

User Manual For ELD5 Servo	1
Introduction	2
Chapter 1 Introduction	7
1.1 Product Introduction.....	7
1.2 Inspection of product.....	7
1.3 Product Appearance.....	7
1.4 Quick selection.....	9
Chapter 2 Installation	10
2.1 Storage and Installation Circumstance	10
2.2 Servo Driver Installation	10
2.2.1 Installation Method.....	10
2.2.2 Installation Space	11
2.3 Servo Motor Installation.....	12
Chapter 3 Wiring	13
3.1 Wiring.....	13
3.1.1 Wire Gauge.....	13
3.1.2 Position Control Mode	14
3.1.3 Torque /Velocity Control Mode	15
3.2 Driver Terminals Function	16
3.2.1 Control Signal Port-CN1 Terminal.....	16
3.2.2 Encoder Input Port-CN2 Terminal	17
3.2.3 Communication Port.....	18
3.2.4 Power Port.....	18
3.2.5 Bus connector.....	18
3.3 I/O Interface Principle.....	19
3.3.1 Switch Input Interface	19
3.3.2 Switch Output Interface.....	19
3.3.3 Pulse Input Interface.....	20
3.3.4 Analog Value Input Interface.....	21
3.3.5 Servo Motor Encoder Input Interface.....	21
Chapter 4 Parameter	22
4.1 Parameter List	22
4.2 Parameter Function	25
4.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Setting	25
4.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjust	29
4.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression.....	33
4.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control.....	34
4.2.5 【Class 4】 I/F Monitor Setting	38
4.2.6 【Class 5】 Extended Setup	43
4.2.7 【Class 6】 Special Setup	45
Chapter 5 Alarm and Processing	47
5.1 Alarm List.....	47

5.2 Alarm Processing Method	48
Chapter 6 Display and Operation	54
6.1 Introduction	54
6.2 Panel Display and Operation	55
6.2.1 Panel Operation Flow Figure	55
6.2.2 Driver Operating Data Monitor	55
6.2.3 System Parameter Setting Interface	58
6.2.4 Auxiliary Function	61
6.2.5 Saving parameter	62
6.2.6 Abnormal Alarm	63
Chapter 7 Trial Run	64
7.1 Inspection Before trial Run	64
7.1.1 Inspection on wiring	64
7.1.2 Timing chart on power-up	65
7.1.3 Timing chart on fault	65
7.1.4 holding brake	65
7.2 Trial Run	66
7.2.1 Jog Control	66
7.2.2 Position Control	67
7.2.3 Velocity Control	68
7.2.4 Torque Control	69
7.3 Automatic Control Mode Run	70
7.3.1 Operation Mode Selection	70
7.3.2 Position Mode	71
7.3.3 Velocity Mode	74
7.3.4 Torque Mode	77
Chapter 8 Product Specification	79
8.1 Driver Technical Specification	79
8.2 Accessory selection	80
Chapter 9 Order Guidance	80
9.1 Capacity Selection	80
9.2 Electronic Gear Ratio	80
Appendix	81
<i>Quick guide for tuning the servo</i>	81
Contact us	81

Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

The ELD5 series AC servo motor & driver is the latest servo system that's meets all demands for a variety of machines which require high speed, high precision and high performance or which require simplified settings.

Talent feature:

- ◆ Width ratio, constant torque

Speed ratio :1:5000, stable torque features from low speed to high speed

- ◆ High-speed, high-precision

The maximum speed of the servo motor up to 5000rpm, rotation positioning accuracy up to $1/2^{23}$ r.

- ◆ Simple, flexible to control

By modifying the parameters of the servo system, the operating characteristics make the appropriate setting to suit different requirements.

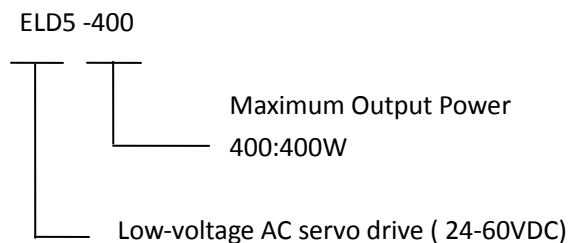
1.2 Inspection of product

1. You must check the following thing before using the products :

- a. Check if the product is damaged or not during transportation.
- b. Check if the servo driver & motor are complete or not.
- c. Check the packing list if the accessories are complete or not

2. Type meaning

- a. ELD5 series servo driver

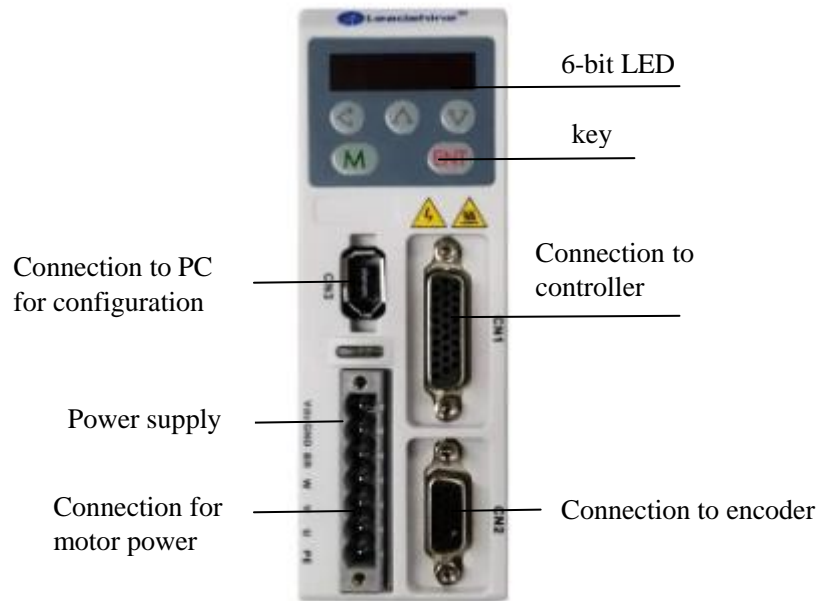


- b. Servo motor type

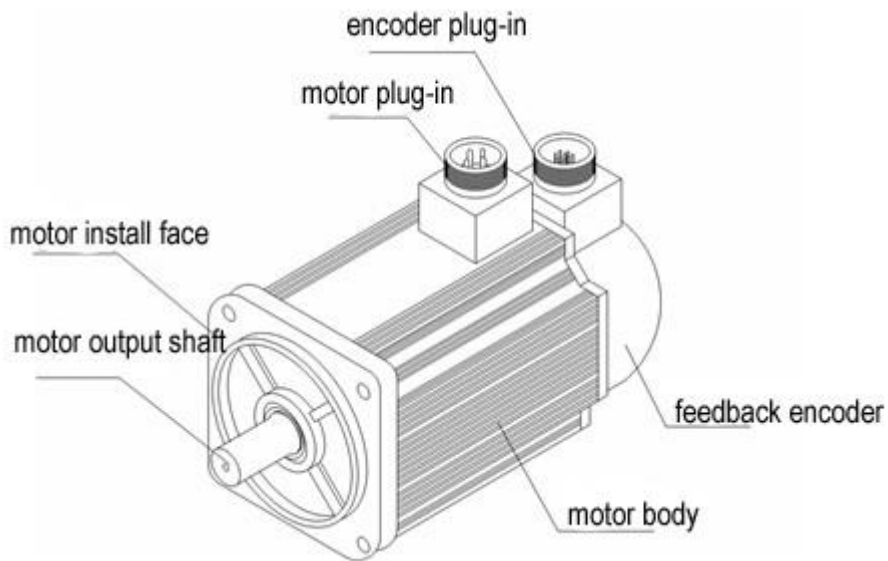
The ELD5 series AC servo driver can be matched with a variety of domestic and foreign servo motor.

1.3 Product Appearance

1. ELD5 series servo driver appearance:



2. Servo motor appearance:



3. Accessory

ELD5 series servo driver standard accessories

- a. user manual
- b. CN1 connector (DB26)
- c. CN2 plug (DB15 pin)

1.4 Quick selection

Servo driver	Motor type	Motor Specification
ELD5-400/ ELD5-400U (Only for encoder with 5V TTL signal)	BLM series	BLM series motor with 1000 line encoder
	ACM6020V36H-A5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/1000line encoder
	ACM6040V60H-A5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/1000line encoder
	ACM4005V24-T-2500	50w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.16Nm/2500line encoder
	ACM4005V24-T-BR-250	50w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.16Nm/2500line encoder/Brake
	ACM4010V24-T-2500	100w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.32Nm/2500line encoder
	ACM4010V24-T-BR-250	100w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.32Nm/2500line encoder/Brake
	ACM601V36-T-2500	100w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.32Nm/2500line encoder
	ACM601V36-T-BR-2500	100w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.32Nm/2500line encoder/Brake
	ACM602V24-T-2500	200w/60mm/24V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/2500line encoder
	ACM602V24-T-BR-2500	200w/60mm/24V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/2500line encoder/Brake
	ACM602V36-T-2500	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/2500line encoder
	ACM602V36-T-BR-2500	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/2500line encoder/Brake
	ACM604V48-T-2500	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/2500line encoder
	ACM604V48-T-BR-2500	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/2500line encoder/Brake
	ACM604V60-T-2500	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/2500line encoder
ACM604V60-T-BR-2500	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/2500line encoder/Brake	
ELD5-400Z/ ELD5-400UZ (Only for encoder with serial signal)	ELDM6020V36HL-C5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/5000line encoder
	ELDM6020V36HM-C5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/5000line encoder/Medium inertia
	ELDM 6020V36GL-C5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/5000line encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6040V48HL-C5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/5000line encoder
	ELDM 6040V48HM-C5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/5000line encoder/Medium inertia
	ELDM 6040V48GL-C5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/5000line encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6040V60HL-C5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/5000line encoder
	ELDM 6040V60GL-C5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/5000line encoder/Brake
	ELDM 4005V24HL-E5	50w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.16Nm/17bit encoder
	ELDM 4005V24GL-E5	50w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.16Nm/17bit encoder/Brake
	ELDM 4010V24HL-E5	100w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.32Nm/17bit encoder
	ELDM 4010V24GL-E5	100w/40mm/24V/3000rpm/0.32Nm/17bit encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6020V36HL-E5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/17bit encoder
	ELDM 6020V36HM-E5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/17bit encoder/ Medium inertia
	ELDM 6020V36GL-E5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/17bit encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6040V48HL-E5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/17bit encoder
	ELDM 6040V48HM-E5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/17bit encoder/ Medium inertia
	ELDM 6040V48GL-E5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/17bit encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6040V60HL-E5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/17bit encoder
	ELDM 6040V60GL-E5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/17bit encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6020V36HL-L5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/23bit encoder
	ELDM 6020V36GL-L5	200w/60mm/36V/3000rpm/0.64Nm/23bit encoder/Brake
	ELDM 6040V48HL-L5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/23bit encoder
	ELDM 6040V48GL-L5	400w/60mm/48V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/23bit encoder/Brake
ELDM 6040V60HL-L5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/23bit encoder	
ELDM 6040V60GL-L5	400w/60mm/60V/3000rpm/1.27Nm/23bit encoder/Brake	

- ◆ “C” means 5000line incremental encoder with serial signal.
- ◆ “E” means 17bit single-turn absolute encoder.
- ◆ “L” means 23 bit multi-turn absolute encoder.

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 Storage and Installation Circumstance

Table 2.1 Servo Driver, Servo Motor Storage Circumstance Requirement


Item	ELD5 series driver	ACM/ELDM low voltage servo motor
Temperature	-20-80℃	-25-70℃
Humidity	Under 90%RH (free from condensation)	Under 80%RH(free from condensation)
Atmospheric environment	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust
Altitude	Lower than 1000m	Lower than 2500m
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)	
Protection level	IP00(no protection)	IP54

Table 2.2 Servo Driver, Servo Motor Installation Circumstance Requirement

Item	ELD5 series driver	ACM/ELDM low voltage servo motor
Temperature	0-55℃	-25-40℃
Humidity	Under 90%RH(free from condensation)	Under 90%RH(free from condensation)
Atmospheric environment	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust	Indoor(no exposure)no corrosive gas or flammable gas, no oil or dust
Altitude	Lower than 1000m	Lower than 2500m
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s ²) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)	
Protection level	IP00(no protection)	IP54

Contact tech@leadshine.com for more technical service .

2.2 Servo Driver Installation

 Notice
● Must install in control cabinet with sufficient safeguarding grade.
● Must install with specified direction and intervals, and ensure good cooling condition.
● Don't install them on inflammable substance or near it to prevent fire hazard.

2.2.1 Installation Method

Install in vertical position ,and reserve enough space around the servo driver for ventilation.

Here is the installation diagram:

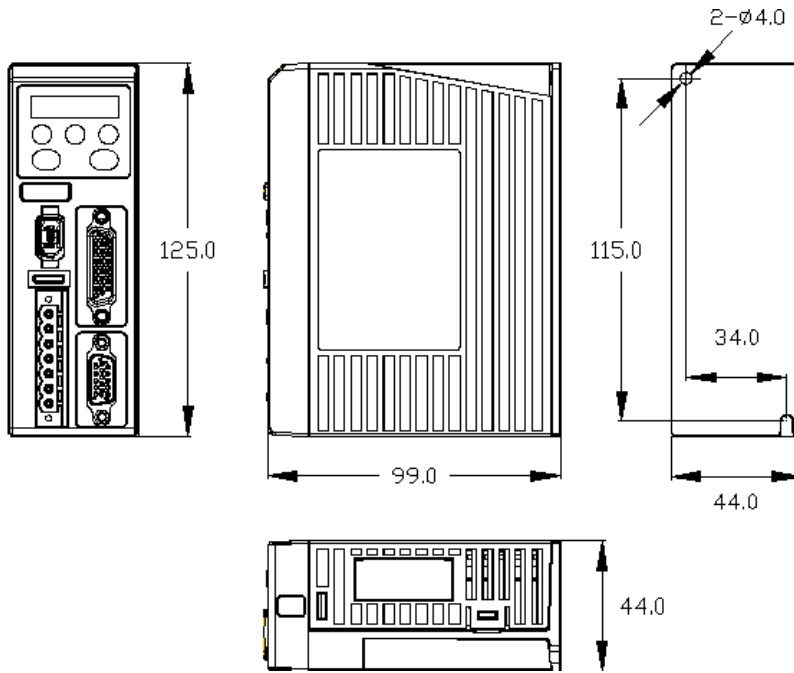


Figure 2.1 installation method of driver ELD5-400(U)/ELD5-400(U)Z

2.2.2 Installation Space

Reserve enough surrounding space for effective cooling.

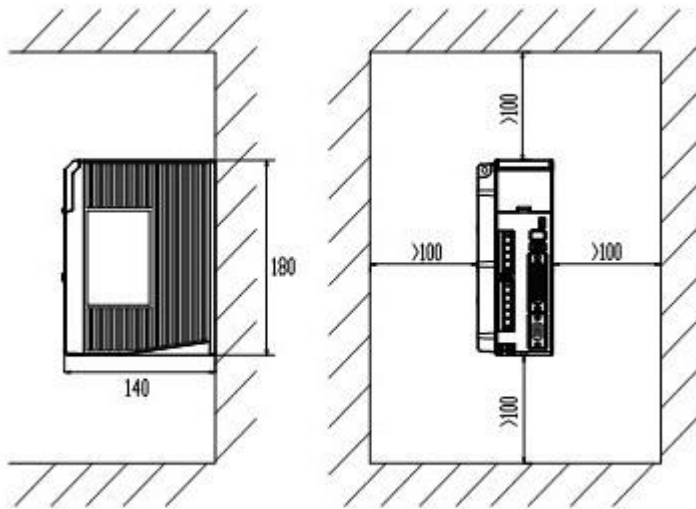


Figure 2.2 Installation Space for Single Driver

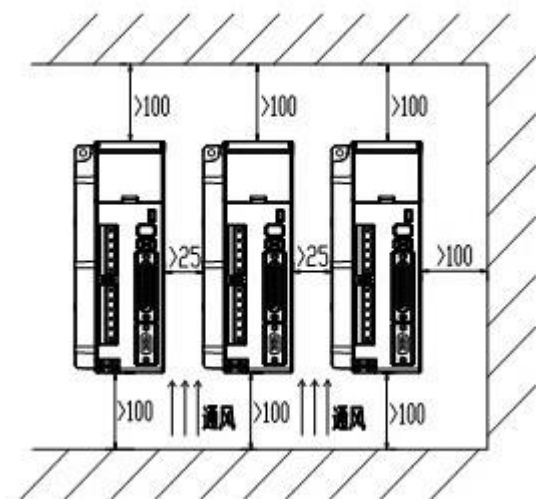


Figure 2.3 Installation Space for several Drivers

2.3 Servo Motor Installation



Notice

- Don't hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- No knocking motor shaft or encoders, prevent motor by vibration or shock.
- The motor shaft can't bear the load beyond the limits.
- Motor shaft does not bear the axial load, radial load, otherwise you may damage the motor.
- Use a flexible with high stiffness designed exclusively for servo application in order to make a radial thrust caused by micro misalignment smaller than the permissible value.
- Install must be steady, prevent drop from vibrating.

Chapter 3 Wiring



Warning

- The workers of participation in wiring or checking must possess sufficient ability do this job.
- The wiring and check must be going with power off after five minutes.



Caution

- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and driver without fail.
- The wiring should be connected after servo driver and servo motor installed correctly

Contact tech@leadshine.com for more technical service .

3.1 Wiring

3.1.1 Wire Gauge

(1)Power supply terminal TB

- Diameter: Vdc , GND, PE, U, V, W terminals diameter $\geq 1.5\text{mm}^2$ (AWG14-16)
- Grounding: The grounding wire should be as thick as possible, drive servo motor the PE terminal point ground, ground resistance $<100\ \Omega$.
- Use noise filter to remove external noise from the power lines and reduce an effect of the noise generated by the servo driver.
- Install fuse (NFB) promptly to cut off the external power supply if driver error occurs.

(2) The control signal CN1 feedback signal CN2

- Diameter: shielded cable (twisting shield cable is better), the diameter $\geq 0.12\text{mm}^2$ (AWG24-26), the shield should be connected to FG terminal.
- Length of line: cable length should be as short as possible and control CN1 cable is no more than 3 meters, the CN2 cable length of the feedback signal is no more than 20 meters.
- Wiring: be away from the wiring of power line, to prevent interference input.
- Install a surge absorbing element for the relevant inductive element (coil),: DC coil should be in parallel connection with freewheeling diode reversely; AC coil should be in parallel connection with RC snubber circuit.



Attention

- Match the colors of the motor lead wires to those of the corresponding motor output terminals (U.V.W)
- Never start nor stop the servo motor with this magnetic contactor.

3.1.2 Position Control Mode

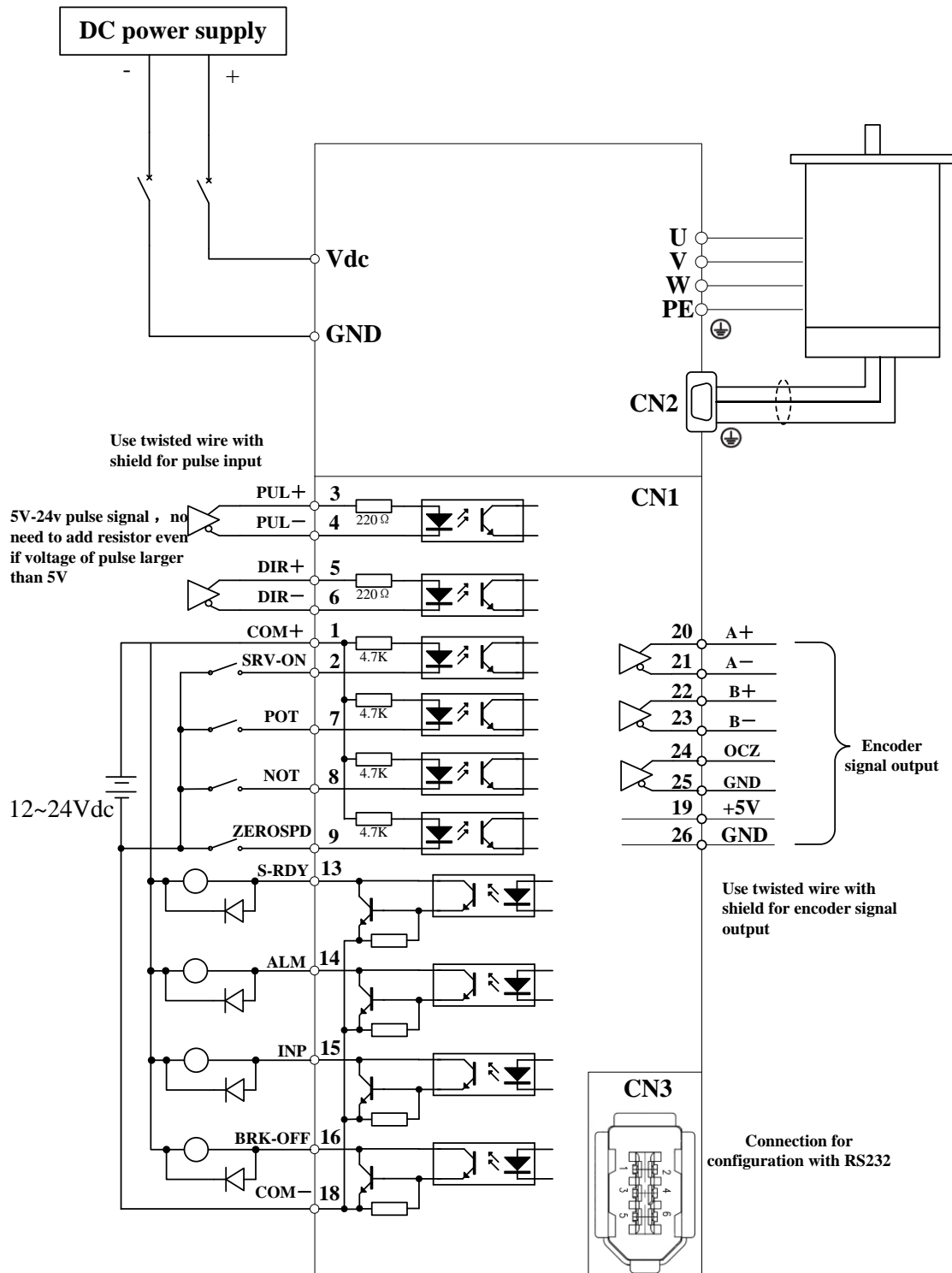


Figure 3-1 Positional Control Mode Wiring

3.1.3 Torque /Velocity Control Mode

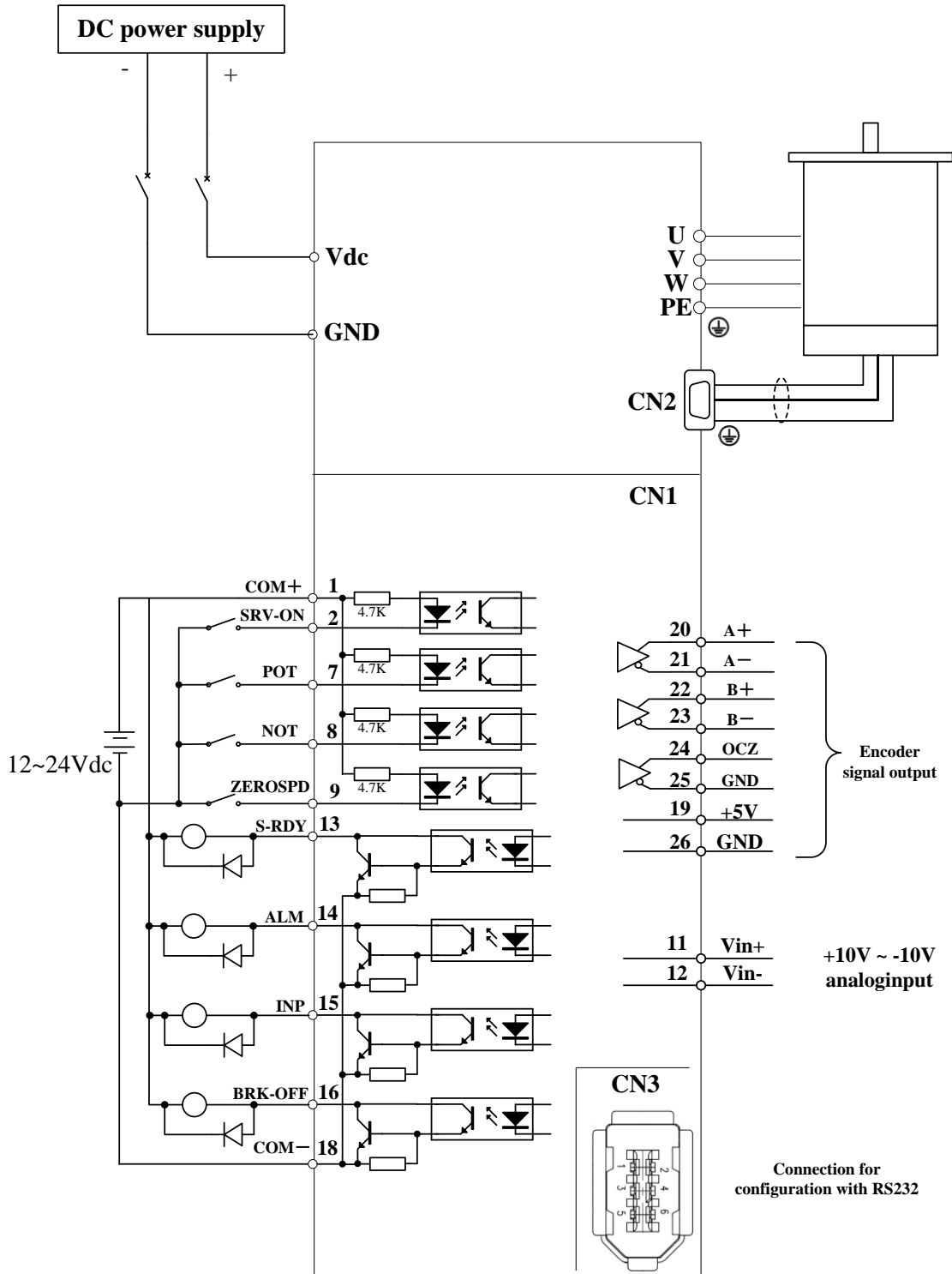


Figure 3-2 Torque/Velocity Control Mode Wiring

3.2 Driver Terminals Function

3.2.1 Control Signal Port-CN1 Terminal

The left on Figure 3.3 is control signal port CN1 of servo driver with DB26 connector; And, the right on Figure 3.3 is SI input of the switch, SO output of the switch, analog A1 input, the A3 input from top to bottom.

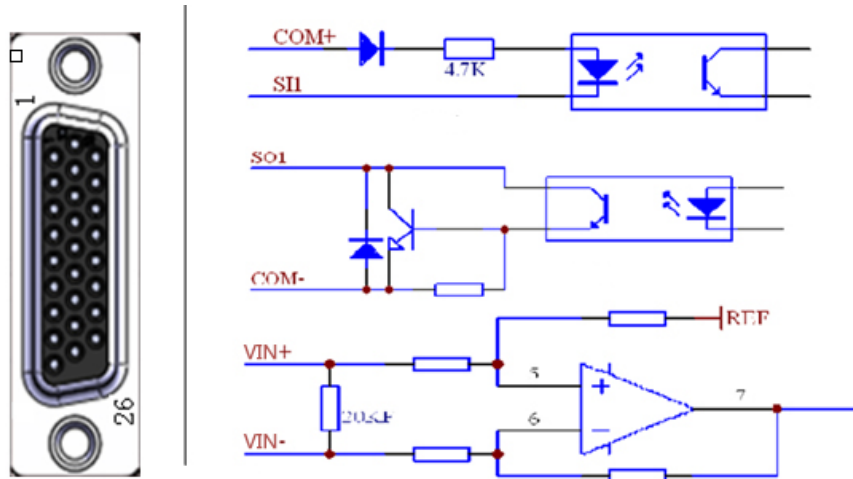


Figure 3-3 Servo Driver Port Terminal

Table 3.1 Signal Explanation of Control Signal Port-CN1

CN1	pin	Signal	IO	Detail
CN1 (DB26)	1	COM+	Input	Power supply positive terminal of the external input control signal, 12V ~ 24V
	2	SII-Svon	Input	Digital input signal 1, default value is servo on signal in position mode , low level available in default , the maximum voltage is 24V input
	3	PUL+	Input	Positive and negative pulse input, respectively. TTL level (5V), the rising edge available in default
	4	PUL-	Input	
	5	DIR+	Input	Positive and negative direction input, respectively. TTL level (5V), optical coupling deadline available in default
	6	DIR-	Input	
	7	SI2-FL	Input	Digital input signal 2, default value is forward run prohibited (POT)signal in position mode , low level available in default , max voltage is 24V input
	8	SI3-RL	Input	Digital input signal 3, default value is reverse run prohibited (NOT) signal in position mode , low level available in default , max voltage is 24V input
	9	SI4-ZS	Input	Digital input signal 4, default value is zero-speed clamp (ZEROSPD) signal in position mode , low level available in default , max voltage is 24V input
	10	SI5-CLR	Input	Digital input signal 5, default value is deviation counter clear input in position mode , low level available in default , max voltage is 24V input
	11	Vin+	Input	Analog input , voltage input range : -10 - 10V , input resistor 20KΩ
	12	Vin-	Input	

	13	SO1-RDY	Output	Digital output signal 2 , default value is servo ready output (S-RDY) in position mode	OC, the maximum voltage/current is no more than 30V, 50mA . Recommend the voltage : 12 V-24V. Current : 10mA
	14	SO2-ALM	Output	Digital output signal 1 , default value is alarm output (ALM) in position mode	
	15	SO3-INP	Output	Digital output signal 3 , default value is positioning complete (INP) in position mode	
	16	SO4-BRK	Output	Digital output signal 4, default value is external brake release output (BRK-OFF) in position mode	
	17	NC			
	18	COM-	Output	Digital output signal commonality ground	
	19	+5V	Output	encoder signal output +5V 50mA	
	20	A+	Output	Positive/negative differential output terminal of motor encoder A phase	
	21	A-	Output		
	22	B+	Output	Positive/negative differential output terminal of motor encoder B phase	
	23	B-	Output		
	24	Z+	Output	Positive/negative differential output terminal of motor encoder Z phase	
	25	Z-	Output		
	26	GND	Output	Power ground	

3.2.2 Encoder Input Port-CN2 Terminal

Table 3.2 Encoder Input Port-CN2 Terminal Signal for ELD5-400 or ELD5-400U

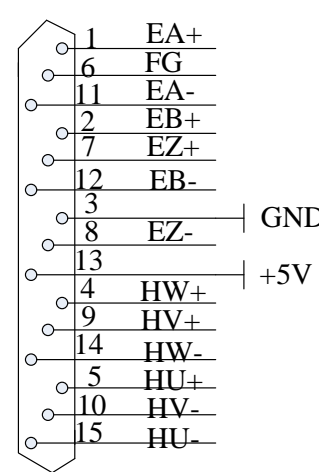
Pin	Signal	Name	Terminal Arrangement Figure
1	EA+	Encoder channel A+ input	
2	EB+	Encoder channel B+ input	
3	EGND	Signal ground	
4	Hall W+	Hall sensor W+ input	
5	Hall U+	Hall sensor U+ input	
6	FG	Ground terminal for shielded	
7	EZ+	Encoder channel Z+ input	
8	EZ-	Encoder channel Z- input	
9	Hall V+	Hall sensor V+ input	
10	Hall V-	Hall sensor V- input	
11	EA-	Encoder channel A- input	
12	EB-	Encoder channel B- input	
13	VCC	+5V for encoder power supply	
14	Hall W-	Hall sensor W- input	
15	Hall U-	Hall sensor U- input	

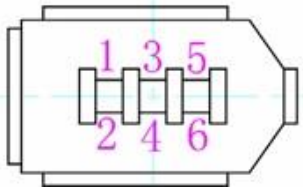
Table 3.3 Encoder Input Port-CN2 Terminal Signal for ELD5-400Z or ELD5-400ZU

Pin	Signal	Name
3	EGND	Signal ground
9	SD+	Encoder signal
10	SD-	
13	VCC	+5V for encoder power supply
	BAT+	Only available for multi-turn absolute encoder
	BAT-	

3.2.3 Communication Port


Table 3.4 Signal Explanation of connection and debugging Port

RS232	connect PC or STU using dedicated series cable, prohibited to insert if power on. and suggest to use twisted-pair or shielded wire. the length of wire is less than 2 meter	
RS485	Recommend shield twisted-pair.	
Terminal	signal	name
1	GND	Power ground
2	TxD	sending terminal of RS232
3	5V	Reserved, the current is less than 50mA
4	RxD	received terminal of RS232
5	RS485+	Reserve,RS485+/A
6	RS485-	Reserve,RS485-/B

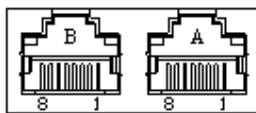


3.2.4 Power Port

Table 3.5 Main Power Input Port-CN4

CN4	Pin	Signal	Detail
 CN4	1	VDC	+24V ~ +60V
	2	GND	Power Ground
	3	RBr	Brake input
	4	W	Motor W
	5	V	Motor V
	6	U	Motor U
	7	PE	Shield

3.2.5 Bus connector

CN5	Pin	Signal	Detail
 CN5 (RJ45)	A-1	RS485+	485data+
	A-2	RS485-	485 data-
	A-3	GND	Ground
	A-7	GND	Ground
	B-1	RS485+	485data+
	B-2	RS485-	485 data-
	B-3	GND	Ground
	B-7	GND	Ground
	Others	NC	16pin totally

3.3 I/O Interface Principle

3.3.1 Switch Input Interface

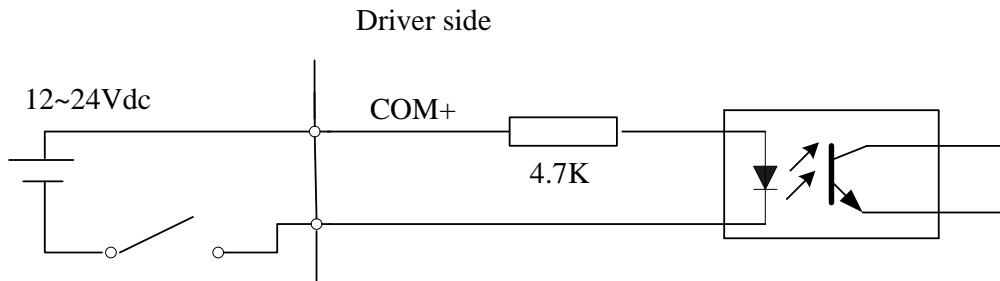


Figure 3-4 Switch Input Interface

- (1) The user provide power supply, DC 12-24V, current $\geq 100\text{mA}$
- (2) **Notice:** if current polar connect reversely, servo driver doesn't run.

3.3.2 Switch Output Interface

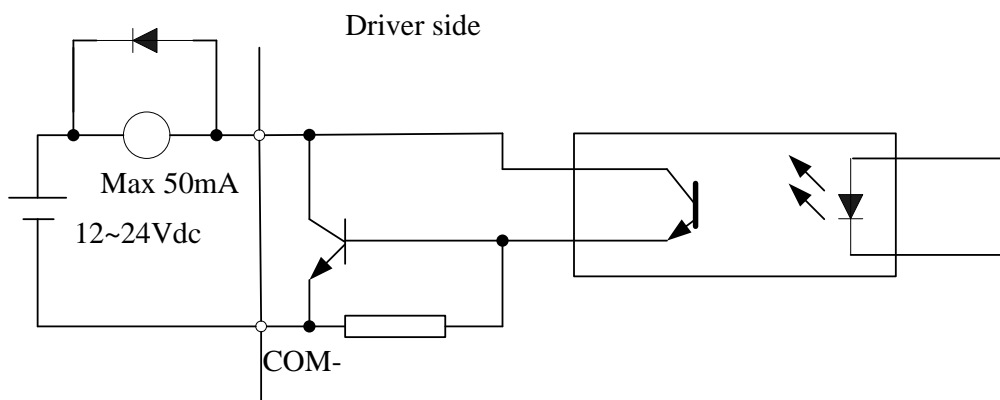


Figure 3.5 Switch Output Interface

- (1) The user provide the external power supply . However, if current polarity connects reversely, servo driver is damaged.
- (2) The output of the form is open-collector, the maximum voltage is 25V, and maximum current is 50mA. Therefore, the load of switch output signal must match the requirements. If you exceed the requirements or output directly connected with the power supply, the servo drive is damaged.
- (3) If the load is inductive loads relays, etc., there must be anti-parallel freewheeling diode across the load. If the freewheeling diode is connected reversely, the servo drive is damaged.

3.3.3 Pulse Input Interface

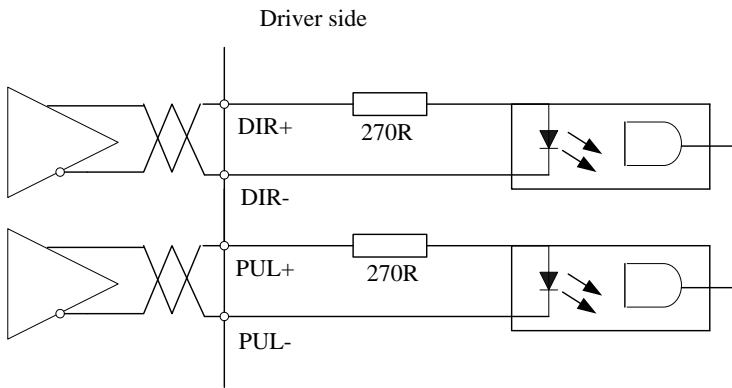


Figure 3-6 Pulse Input Interface Differential Drive Mode

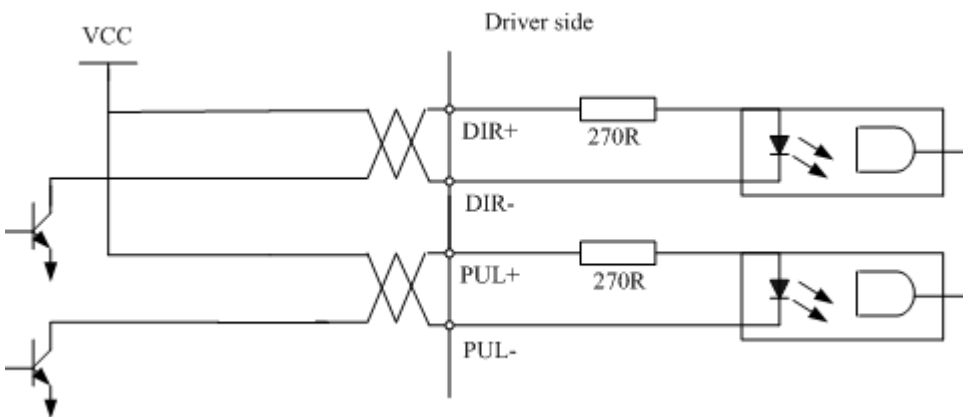
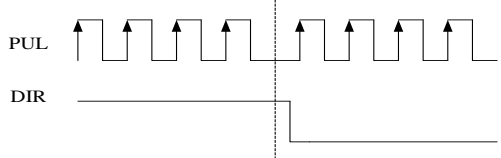


Figure3-7 Pulse Input Interface Single Terminal Drive Mode

- (1) In order to transmit pulse data properly , we recommend using the differential drive mode.
- (2) The differential drive mode, AM26LS31, MC3487 or similar RS422 line drive.
- (3) Using of single-ended drive will cause reduction of the operation frequency.
- (4) The user provide external power supply for single-ended drive. However, if current polarity connect reversely, servo driver is damaged.
- (5) The form of pulse input is the following form 3.7 below, while the arrows indicates the count .

Table 3.7 Pulse Input Form

Pulse command form	CCW	CW	Parameter setting value
Pulse symbol			Pulse + direction

The form of pulse input timing parameter is the following form 3.8 below. The 4 times pulse frequency \leq 500kHz if 2-phase input form is used.

Table 3.8 the parameters of pulse input time sequence

parameter	Differential drive input	Single-ended drive input
t_{ck}	$> 2\mu s$	$> 5\mu s$
t_h	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$
t_l	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$
t_{rh}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_{rl}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_s	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$
t_{qck}	$> 8\mu s$	$> 10\mu s$
t_{qh}	$> 4\mu s$	$> 5\mu s$
t_{ql}	$> 4\mu s$	$> 5\mu s$
t_{qrh}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_{qrl}	$< 0.2\mu s$	$< 0.3\mu s$
t_{qs}	$> 1\mu s$	$> 2.5\mu s$

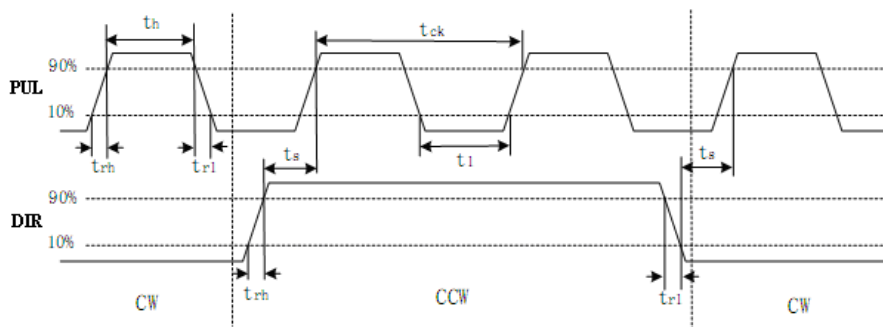


Figure 3.8 pulse + direction input interface timing (the maximum of pulse frequency : 500KHZ)

3.3.4 Analog Value Input Interface

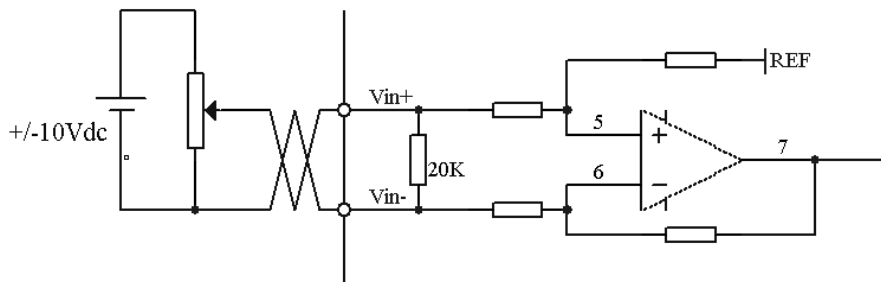


Figure 3-9 Analog Input Interface

3.3.5 Servo Motor Encoder Input Interface

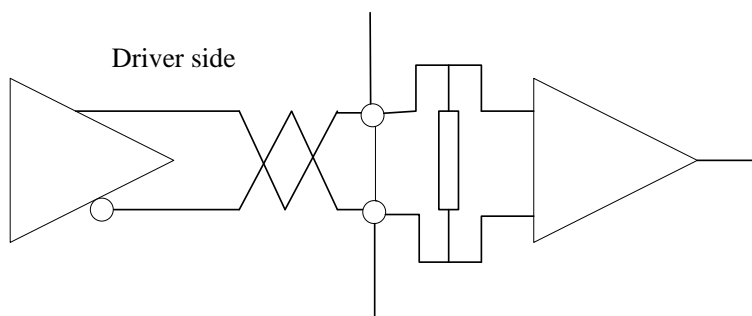


Figure 3-11 Servo Motor optical-electrical Encoder Input Interface

Chapter 4 Parameter

4.1 Parameter List

Mode			Parameter Number		Name
P	S	T	Classify	Number	
P	S	T	【Class 0】 Basic setting	00	Model following control
				01	control mode setup
P	S	T		02	real-time auto-gain tuning
P	S	T		03	selection of machine stiffness at real-time auto-gain tuning
P	S	T		04	Inertia ratio
P				06	command pulse rotational direction setup
P				07	command pulse input mode setup
P				08	Command pulse counts per revolution
P				09	1st numerator of electronic gear
P				10	denominator of electronic gear
P	S	T		11	output pulse counts per one motor revolution
P	S	T		12	reversal of pulse output logic
P	S	T		13	1st torque limit
P				14	position deviation excess setup
P			【Class 1】 Gain Adjust	00	1st gain of position loop
P	S	T		01	1st gain of velocity loop
P	S	T		02	1st time constant of velocity loop integration
P	S	T		03	1st filter of velocity detection
P	S	T		04	1st time constant of torque filter
P				05	2nd gain of position loop
P	S	T		06	2nd gain of velocity loop
P	S	T		07	2nd time constant of velocity loop integration
P	S	T		08	2nd filter of velocity detection
P	S	T		09	2nd time constant of torque filter
P				10	Velocity feed forward gain
P				11	Velocity feed forward filter
P	S			12	Torque feed forward gain
P	S			13	Torque feed forward filter
P	S	T		14	2nd gain setup
P				15	Control switching mode
P				17	Control switching level
P				18	Control switch hysteresis
P			19	Gain switching time	
P			35	Positional command filter setup	
P	S	T	36	Encoder feedback pulse digital filter setup	
P	S		【Class 2】	00	adaptive filter mode setup

P	S	T	Vibration Restrain Function	01	1st notch frequency	
P	S	T		02	1st notch width selection	
P	S	T		03	1st notch depth selection	
P	S	T		04	2nd notch frequency	
P	S	T		05	2nd notch width selection	
P	S	T		06	2nd notch depth selection	
P				22	Positional command smooth filter	
P				23	Positional command FIR filter	
	S		【Class 3】 Speed, Torque Control	00	Velocity setup internal/external switching	
	S			01	Speed command rotational direction selection	
	S	T		02	Speed command input gain	
	S			03	Speed command reversal input	
	S			04	1st speed setup	
	S			05	2nd speed setup	
	S			06	3rd speed setup	
	S			07	4th speed setup	
	S			08	5th speed setup	
	S			09	6th speed setup	
	S			10	7th speed setup	
	S			11	8th speed setup	
	S			12	time setup acceleration	
	S			13	time setup deceleration	
	S			14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	
				15	Speed zero-clamp function selection	
	S	T		16	Speed zero-clamp level	
		T		18	Torque command direction selection	
		T		19	Torque command input gain	
		T		20	Torque command input reversal	
		T		21	Speed limit value 1	
P	S	T		24	maximum speed of motor rotation	
P	S	T		【Class 4】 I/F Monitor Setting	00	input selection SI1
P	S	T			01	input selection SI2
P	S	T	02		input selection SI3	
P	S	T	03		input selection SI4	
P	S	T	04		input selection SI5	
P	S	T	10		output selection SO1	
P	S	T	11		output selection SO2	
P	S	T	12		output selection SO3	
P	S	T	13		output selection SO4	
P	S	T	22		Analog input 1(AI 1) offset setup	
P	S	T	23		Analog input 1(AI 1) filter	
P	S	T	28		Analog input 3(AI 3) offset setup	
P	S	T	29		Analog input 3(AI 3) filter	

P				31	Positioning complete range
P				32	Positioning complete output setup
P				33	INP hold time
P	S	T		34	Zero-speed
	S			35	Speed coincidence range
P	S	T		36	At-speed
P	S	T		37	Mechanical brake action at stalling setup
P	S	T		38	Mechanical brake action at running setup
P	S	T		39	Brake action at running setup
P			【Class 5】 Extended Setup	00	2nd numerator of electronic gear
P				01	3rd numerator of electronic gear
P				02	4th numerator of electronic gear
P	S	T		03	Denominator of pulse output division
P	S	T		06	Sequence at servo-off
P	S	T		08	Main power off LV trip selection
P	S	T		09	Main power off detection time
P	S	T		13	Over-speed level setup
P	S	T		15	I/F reading filter
P	S	T		28	LED initial status
P	S	T		29	RS232 baud rate setup
P	S	T		30	RS485 baud rate setup
P	S	T		31	Axis address
P	S	T		35	Front panel lock setup
P	S	T	【Class 6】 Special Setup	03	JOG trial run command torque
P	S	T		04	JOG trial run command speed
P	S	T		08	Positive direction torque compensation value
P	S	T		09	Negative direction torque compensation value
P				20	distance of trial running
P				21	waiting time of trial running
P				22	cycling times of trial running
P	S	T	【Class 7】 Factory setting	00	Current loop gain
P	S	T		01	Current loop integral time
P	S	T		02-14	Setting of motor parameter
P	S	T		15	Motor model input
				16	Encoder selection

4.2 Parameter Function

Here is the explanation of parameters, you can check them or modify the value using software Protuner or the front panel of driver.

Contact tech@leadshine.com for more technical service .

4.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Setting

Pr0.00	Model following control	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -32767	0.1Hz	1	P		
Set up the bandwidth of MFC , it is similar to the response bandwidth							
Setup value	Meaning						
0	Disable the function.						
1	Enable the function , set the bandwidth automatically , recommended for most application .						
2-10	Forbidden and reserved .						
11-20000	Set the bandwidth manually , 1.1Hz – 2000Hz						
MFC is used to enhance the performance of dynamic tracing for input command , make positioning faster , cut down the tracking error , run more smooth and steady . It is very useful for multi-axis synchronous movement and interpolation, the performance will be better.							
The main way to use this function :							
a. Choose the right control mode : Pr001 = 20							
b. Set up the inertia of ratio : Pr004							
c. Set up the rigidity : Pr003							
d. Set up the Pr000 :							
1) If no multi-axis synchronous movement , set Pr000 as 1 or more than 10 ;							
2) If multi-axis synchronous movement needed , set Pr000 as the same for all the axes .							
3) If Pr000 is more than 10 , start with 100 , or 150 , 200 , 250 ,							
Caution:							
1. Set up the right control mode , the right inertia of ratio and rigidity firstly .							
2. Don't change the value of Pr000 when the motor is running , otherwise vibration occurs							
3. Set up a small value from the beginning if using it in manual mode , smaller value means running more smooth and steady , while bigger one means faster positioning							

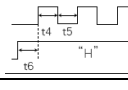
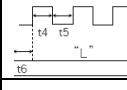

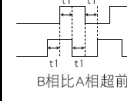
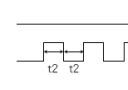
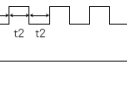
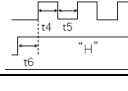
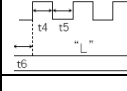

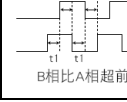
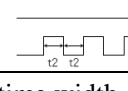
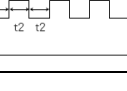
Pr0.01*	Control Mode Setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		20 -28	-	20	P	S	T
Set using control mode							
Setup value	Content		When you set up the combination mode of 23.24.25, you can select either the 1st or the 2nd with control mode switching input(C-MODE). When C-MODE is open, the 1st mode will be selected. When C-MODE is shorted, the 2nd mode will be selected.				
	1st mode	2nd mode					
20	Position	-					
21	Velocity	-					
22	Torque	-					
23	Position	Velocity					
24	Position	Torque					
25	Velocity	Torque					

Pr0.02	Real-time Auto-gain Tuning	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -2	-	0	P	S	T
You can set up the action mode of the real-time auto-gain tuning.							
Setup value	mode	Varying degree of load inertia in motion					
0	invalid	Real-time auto-gain tuning function is disabled.					
1	standard	Basic mode. do not use unbalanced load, friction compensation or gain switching. It is usually for interpolation.					
2	positioning	Main application is positioning. it is recommended to use this mode on equipment without unbalanced horizontal axis, ball screw driving equipment with low friction, etc. it is usually for point-to point movement .					
Caution: If pr0.02=1 or 2 , you can't modify the values of Pr1.01 – Pr1.13, the values of them depend on the real-time auto-gain tuning ,all of them are set by the driver itself.							

Pr0.03	Selection of machine stiffness at real-time auto-gain tuning	Range	unit	default	Related control mode					
		50 -81	-	70	P	S	T			
You can set up response while the real-time auto-gain tuning is valid.										
Low → Machine stiffness → High Low → Servo gain → High										
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">81.80</td> <td style="width: 34%; text-align: center;">70.69.68</td> <td style="width: 33%; text-align: center;">51.50</td> </tr> </table>								81.80	70.69.68	51.50
81.80	70.69.68	51.50								
Low → Response → High										
Notice: Lower the setup value, higher the velocity response and servo stiffness will be obtained. However, when decreasing the value, check the resulting operation to avoid oscillation or vibration. Control gain is updated while the motor is stopped. If the motor can't be stopped due to excessively low gain or continuous application of one-way direction command ,any change made to Pr0.03 is not used for update. If the changed stiffness setting is made valid after the motor stopped, abnormal sound or oscillation will be generated. To prevent this problem, stop the motor after changing the stiffness setting and check that the changed setting is enabled.										

Pr0.04	Inertia ratio	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -10000	%	250	P	S	T
You can set up the ratio of the load inertia against the rotor(of the motor)inertia.							
$Pr0.04 = (\text{load inertia} / \text{rotor inertia}) \times 100\%$							
Notice: If the inertia ratio is correctly set, the setup unit of Pr1.01 and Pr1.06 becomes (Hz). When the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is larger than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes larger, and when the inertia ratio of Pr0.04 is smaller than the actual value, the setup unit of the velocity loop gain becomes smaller.							

Pr0.06*	Command Pulse Rotational Direction Setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	0	P		
Set command pulse input rotate direction, command pulse input type, changing this value will							

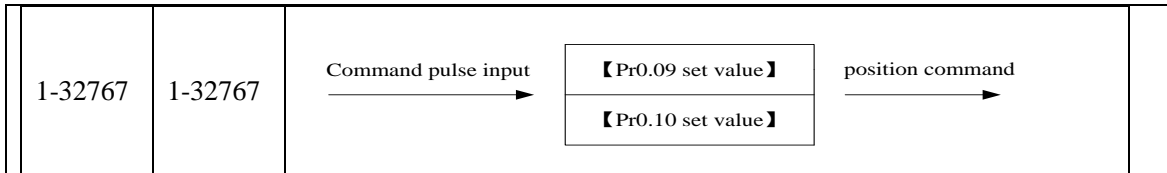
reverse the direction of rotation						
Pr0.07*	Command Pulse Input Mode Setup		Range	unit	default	Related control mode
			0-3	-	0	P
Pr0.06	Pr0.07	Command Pulse Format	Signal	Positive Direction Command	Negative Direction Command	
0	0	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign			
	1 or 3	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign			
	2	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign			
1	0	Pulse + sign	Pulse sign			
	1 or 3	90 phase difference 2-phase pulse(A phase +B phase)	Pulse sign			
	2	Positive direction pulse + negative direction pulse	Pulse sign			

Command pulse input signal allow largest frequency and smallest time width

PULS/SIGN Signal Input I/F		Permissible Max. Input Frequency	Smallest Time Width					
			t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse series interface	Long distance interface	500kpps	2	1	1	1	1	1
	Open-collector output	200kpps	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

Pr0.08	Command pulse counts per one motor revolution		Range	unit	default	Related control mode
			0-32767	pulse	0	P
Set the command pulse that causes single turn of the motor shaft. When this setting is 0 ,Pr009 1 st numerator of electronic gear and Pr0.10 Denominator of electronic Gear become valid.						

Pr0.09	1st numerator of electronic gear		Range	unit	default	Related control mode
			1-32767	-	1	P
Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.						
Pr0.10	denominator of electronic gear		Range	unit	default	Related control mode
			1-32767	-	1	P
Set the denominator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.						
Pr0.09	Pr0.10	Command division/multiplication operation				

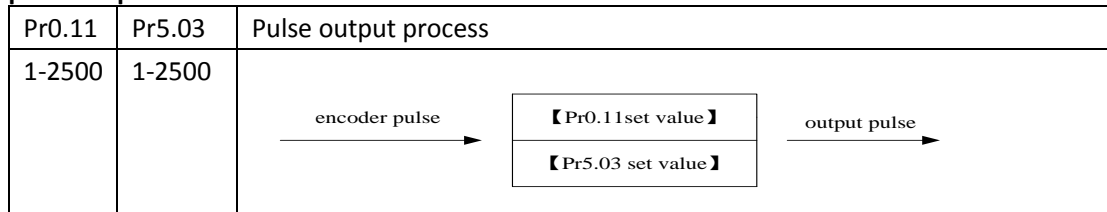


Pr0.11*	Output pulse counts per one motor revolution	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		1-2500	P/r	2500	P	S	T

Set the numerator of division/multiplication operation made according to the command pulse input.

Pr5.03*	Denominator of pulse output division	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		1-2500	-	2500	P	S	T

Combination of Pr0.11 Output pulse counts per one motor revolution and Pr5.03 Denominator of pulse output division



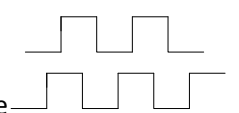
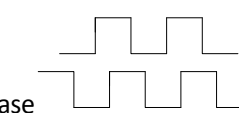
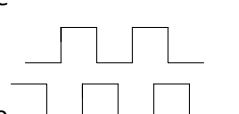
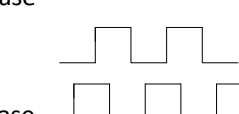
Pulse output resolution after dividing double frequency 4 times

$$\text{Pulse output resolution} = \text{encoder} \times 4 \times \frac{\text{Pr0.11 (pulse output divide frequency molecule)}}{\text{Pr5.03 (pulse output divide frequency denominator)}}$$

Pr0.12*	Reversal of pulse output logic	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	0	P	S	T

You can set up the B phase logic and the output source of the pulse output. With this parameter, you can reverse the phase relation between the A-phase pulse and B-phase pulse by reversing the B-phase logic.

< reversal of pulse output logic >

Pr0.12	B-phase Logic	CCW Direction Rotation	CW Direction Rotation
0	Non-Reversal	A phase  B phase	A phase  B phase
1	Reversal	A phase  B phase	A phase  B phase

Pr0.13	1st Torque Limit	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-500	%	300	P	S	T

You can set up the limit value of the motor output torque, as motor rate current %, the value can't exceed the maximum of output current.

Pr0.14	Position Deviation Excess Setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -500	0.1 rev	200	P		

Set excess range of positional deviation by the command unit(default).Setting the value too small will cause Err18.0 (position deviation excess detection)

4.2.2 **【Class 1】Gain Adjust**

Pr1.00	1st gain of position loop	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -30000	0.1/s	320	P		

You can determine the response of the positional control system. Higher the gain of position loop you set, faster the positioning time you can obtain. Note that too high setup may cause oscillation.

Pr1.01	1st gain of velocity loop	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -32767	0.1Hz	180	P	S	T

You can determine the response of the velocity loop. In order to increase the response of overall servo system by setting high position loop gain, you need higher setup of this velocity loop gain as well. However, too high setup may cause oscillation.

Pr1.02	1st Time Constant of Velocity Loop Integration	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -10000	0.1ms	310	P	S	T

You can set up the integration time constant of velocity loop, Smaller the set up, faster you can dog-in deviation at stall to 0.The integration will be maintained by setting to"9999".The integration effect will be lost by setting to"10000".

Pr1.03	1st Filter of Velocity Detection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -31	-	15	P	S	T

You can set up the time constant of the low pass filter (LPF) after the speed detection, in 32 steps (81 to 50).Lower the setup, larger the time constant you can obtain so that you can decrease the motor noise, however, response becomes slow.

You can set the filter parameters through the loop gain, referring to the following table:

Set Value	Speed Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	Set Value	Speed Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)
81	2500	65	750
80	2250	64	700
79	2100	63	650
78	2000	62	600
77	1800	61	550
76	1600	60	500
75	1500	59	450
74	1400	58	400
73	1300	57	350
72	1200	56	300
71	1100	55	250
70	1000	54	200
69	950	53	175
68	900	52	150

67	850	51	125
66	800	50	100

Pr1.04	2nd Time Constant of torque filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -2500	0.01ms	126	P	S	T
Pr1.05	2nd gain of position loop	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -30000	0.1/s	380	P		
Pr1.06	2nd gain of velocity loop	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -32767	0.1Hz	180	P	S	T
Pr1.07	2nd Time Constant of Velocity Loop Integration	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -10000	0.1ms	10000	P	S	T
Pr1.08	2nd Filter of Velocity Detection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		50 -81	-	15	P	S	T
Pr1.09	2nd Time Constant of torque filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -2500	0.01ms	126	P	S	T

Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter have their 2 pairs of gain or time constant(1st and 2nd).

Pr1.10	Velocity feed forward gain	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -1000	0.1%	300	P		

Multiply the velocity control command calculated according to the internal positional command by the ratio of this parameter and add the result to the speed command resulting from the positional control process.

Pr1.11	Velocity feed forward filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -6400	0.01ms	50	P		

Set the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of speed feed forward.
(usage example of velocity feed forward)
 The velocity feed forward will become effective as the velocity feed forward gain is gradually increased with the speed feed forward filter set at approx.50 (0.5ms). The positional deviation during operation at a constant speed is reduced as shown in the equation below in proportion to the value of velocity feed forward gain.
 Position deviation [unit of command]=command speed [unit of command /s]/position loop gain[1/s]×(100-speed feed forward gain[%]/100

Pr1.12	Torque feed forward gain	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -1000	0.1%	0	P	S	

- Multiply the torque control command calculated according to the velocity control command by the ratio of this parameter and add the result to the torque command resulting from the velocity control process.
- To use torque feed forward, correctly set ratio of inertia. Set the inertia ratio that can be calculated from the machine specification to Pr0.04 inertia ratio.
- Positional deviation at a constant acceleration/deceleration can be minimized close to 0 by increasing the torque forward gain .this means that positional deviation can be maintained at near 0 over entire operation range while driving in trapezoidal speed pattern under ideal condition

where disturbance torque is not active.

Pr1.13	Torque feed forward filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0-6400	0.01ms	0	P	S

Set up the time constant of 1st delay filter which affects the input of torque feed forward. zero positional deviation is impossible in actual situation because of disturbance torque. as with the velocity feed forward, large torque feed forward filter time constant decreases the operating noise but increases positional deviation at acceleration change point.

Pr1.15	Mode of position control switching	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0-10	-	0	P	

Setting value	Switching condition	Gain switching condition
0	Fixed to 1st gain	Fixed to the 1st gain (Pr1.00-Pr1.04)
1	Fixed to 2nd gain	Fixed to the 2nd gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09)
2	with gain switching input	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● 1st gain when the gain switching input is open. ● 2nd gain when the gain switching input is connected to com- . ◇ If no input signal is allocated to the gain switching input, the 1st gain is fixed.
3	Torque command is large	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the torque command exceeded (level + hysteresis)[%]previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the torque command was kept below (level + hysteresis) [%]previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.
4	reserve	reserve
5	Speed command is large	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Valid for position and speed controls. ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the speed command exceeded (level + hysteresis)[r/min]previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the speed command was kept below (level + hysteresis) [r/min] previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.
6	Position deviation is large	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Valid for position control. ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the positional deviation exceeded (level + hysteresis)[pulse] previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the positional deviation was kept below (level + hysteresis)[r/min]previously during delay time with the 2nd gain. ◇ Unit of level and hysteresis [pulse] is set as the encoder resolution for positional control.
7	position command exists	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Valid for position control. ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the positional command was not 0 previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the positional command was kept 0 previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.
8	Not in positioning complete	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Valid for position control. ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the positioning was not completed previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the positioning was kept in completed condition previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.
9	Actual speed is	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Valid for position control.

	large	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the absolute value of the actual speed exceeded (level + hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the absolute value of the actual speed was kept below (level - hysteresis) (r/min) previously during delay time with the 2nd gain.
10	Have position command +actual speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Valid for position control. ● Shift to the 2nd gain when the positional command was not 0 previously with the 1st gain. ● Return to the 1st gain when the positional command was kept at 0 during the delay time and the absolute value of actual speed was kept below (level - hysteresis) (r/min) previously with the 2nd gain.

In position control mode, setup Pr1.15=3,5,6,9,10;
In speed control mode, setup Pr1.15=3,5,9;

Pr1.17	Level of position control switching	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -20000	Mode dependent	50	P	

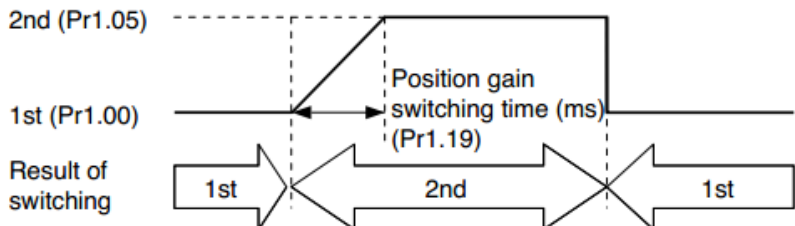
Unit of setting varies with switching mode.
switching condition: position :encoder pulse number ; speed : r/min ; torque : % .
Notice: set the level equal to or higher than the hysteresis.

Pr1.18	Hysteresis at position control switching	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -20000	Mode dependent	33	P	

Combining Pr1.17(control switching level)setup
Notice: when level< hysteresis, the hysteresis is internally adjusted so that it is equal to level.

Pr1.19	Position gain switching time	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -10000	0.1ms	33	P	

For position controlling: if the difference between 1st gain and 2nd gain is large, the increasing rate of position loop gain can be limited by this parameter.
<Position gain switching time>
Notice: when using position control, position loop gain rapidly changes, causing torque change and vibration. By adjusting Pr1.19 position gain switching time, increasing rate of the position loop gain can be decreased and variation level can be reduced.
Example: 1st (pr1.00) <-> 2nd (Pr1.05)



Pr1.35*	Positional command filter setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -200	0.05us	0	P	

Do filtering for positional command pulse, eliminate the interference of the narrow pulse, over-large setup will influence the input of high frequency positional command pulse, and make more

time-delayed.					
Pr1.36*	pulse digital filter of encoder feedback setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		0 -10000	0.1ms	33	P
Do filtering for pulse of encoder feedback, eliminate the interference of the narrow pulse, over-large setup will influence the performance of motor in large speed, and influence the control performance of motor causing by large time-delayed.					

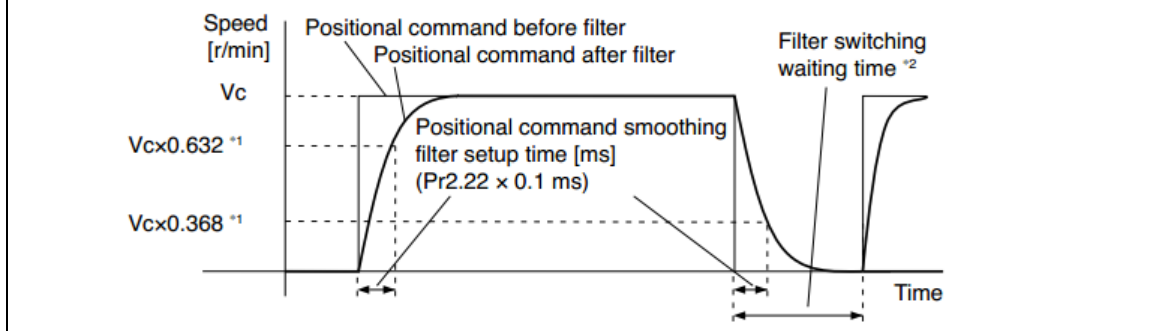
4.2.3 【Class 2】Vibration Suppression

Pr2.01	1st notch frequency	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		50 -2000	HZ	2000	P	S	T
Set the center frequency of the 1st notch filter Notice: the notch filter function will be invalidated by setting up this parameter to “2000”.							
Pr2.02	1st notch width selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -20	-	2	P	S	T
Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.							
Pr2.03	1st notch depth selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -99	-	0	P	S	T
Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 1st notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.							

Pr2.04	2nd notch frequency	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		50 -2000	HZ	2000	P	S	T
Set the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter Notice: the notch filter function will be invalidated by setting up this parameter to “2000”.							
Pr2.05	2nd notch width selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -20	-	2	P	S	T
Set the width of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, larger the notch width you can obtain. Use with default setup in normal operation.							
Pr2.06	2nd notch depth selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -99	-	0	P	S	T
Set the depth of notch at the center frequency of the 2nd notch filter. Notice: Higher the setup, shallower the notch depth and smaller the phase delay you can obtain.							

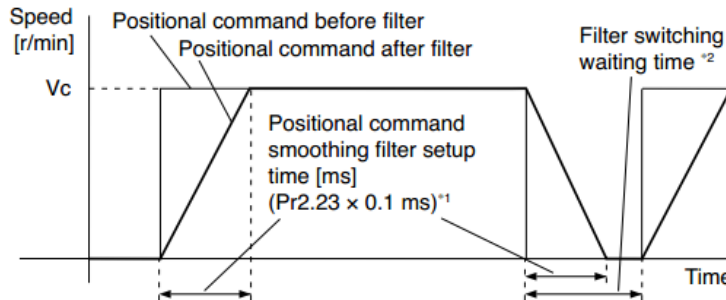
Pr2.22	positional command smoothing filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -32767	0.1ms	0	P		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command. 							

- When a square wave command for the target speed V_c is applied, set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter as shown in the figure below.



Pr2.23	positional command FIR filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -10000	0.1ms	0	P	

- Set up the time constant of the 1st delay filter in response to the positional command.
- When a square wave command for the target speed V_c is applied, set up the V_c arrival time as shown in the figure below.



Note: For parameters which No. have a suffix of “**”, changed contents will be validated when you turn on the control power.

4.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity/ Torque Control

Pr3.00	Speed setup, Internal /External switching	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -3	-	0	S	

This driver is equipped with internal speed setup function so that you can control the speed with contact inputs only.

Setup value	Speed setup method
0	Analog speed command (SPR)
1	Internal speed command 1st to 4th speed (PR3.04-PR3.07)
2	Internal speed command 1st to 3rd speed (PR3.04-PR3.06), Analog speed command (SPR)
3	Internal speed command 1st to 8th speed (PR3.04-PR3.11)

<relationship between Pr3.00 Internal/External switching speed setup and the internal command speed selection 1-3 and speed command to be selected>

Setup value	selection 1 of internal command speed (INTSPD1)	selection 2 of internal command speed (INTSPD2)	selection 3 of internal command speed (INTSPD3)	selection of Speed command
1	OFF	OFF	NO effect	1st speed
	ON	OFF		2nd speed
	OFF	ON		3rd speed

2	ON	ON	NO effect	4th speed
	OFF	OFF		1st speed
	ON	OFF		2nd speed
	OFF	ON		3rd speed
	ON	ON		Analog speed command
3	The same as [Pr3.00=1]		OFF	1st to 4th speed
	OFF	OFF	ON	5th speed
	ON	OFF	ON	6th speed
	OFF	ON	ON	7th speed

Pr3.01	Speed command rotational direction selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0-1	-	0	S	

Select the Positive /Negative direction specifying method

Setup value	Select speed command sign (1st to 8th speed)	Speed command direction (VC-SIGN)	Position command direction
0	+	No effect	Positive direction
	-	No effect	Negative direction
1	Sign has no effect	OFF	Positive direction
	Sign has no effect	ON	Negative direction

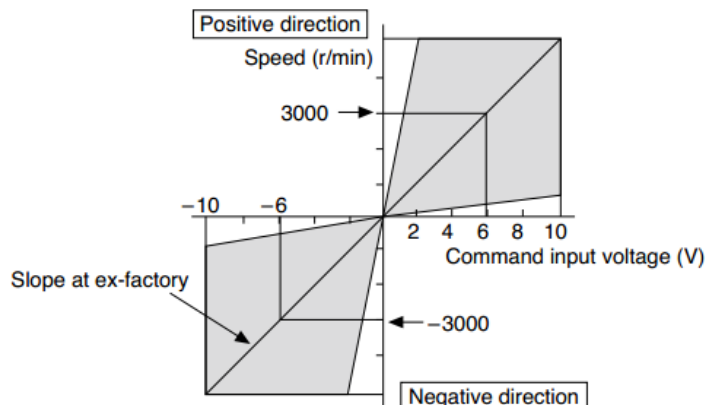
Pr3.02	Input gain of speed command	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		10-2000	(r/min)/v	500	S	T

Based on the voltage applied to the analog speed command (SPR), set up the conversion gain to motor command speed.

You can set up “slope” of relation between the command input voltage and motor speed, with Pr3.02. Default is set to Pr3.02=500(r/min)/V, hence input of 6V becomes 3000r/min.

Notice:

1. Do not apply more than $\pm 10V$ to the speed command input(SPR).
2. When you compose a position loop outside of the driver while you use the driver in velocity control mode, the setup of Pr3.02 gives larger variance to the overall servo system.
3. Pay an extra attention to oscillation caused by larger setup of Pr3.02.



Pr3.03	Reversal of speed command input	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0-1	-	500	S	

Specify the polarity of the voltage applied to the analog speed command (SPR).

Setup value	Motor rotating direction	
0	Non-reversal	[+ voltage] → [+ direction] [- voltage] → [-direction]
1	reversal	[+ voltage] → [- direction] [- voltage] → [+direction]

Caution: When you compose the servo drive system with this driver set to velocity control mode and external positioning unit, the motor might perform an abnormal action if the polarity of the speed command signal from the unit and the polarity of this parameter setup does not match.

Pr3.04	1st speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.05	2nd speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.06	3rd speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.07	4th speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.08	5th speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.09	6th speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.10	7th speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S
Pr3.11	8th speed of speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		-20000 -20000	r/min	0	S

Set up internal command speeds, 1st to 8th

Pr3.12	time setup acceleration	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		0 -10000	Ms(1000r/min)	100	S
Pr3.13	time setup deceleration	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		0 -10000	Ms(1000r/min)	100	S

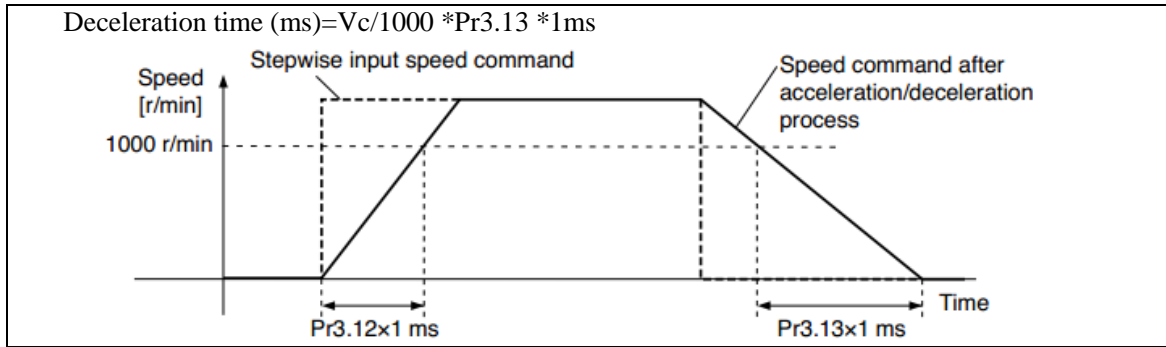
Set up acceleration/deceleration processing time in response to the speed command input.

Set the time required for the speed command(stepwise input)to reach 1000r/min to Pr3.12

Acceleration time setup. Also set the time required for the speed command to reach from 1000r/min to 0 r/min, to Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup.

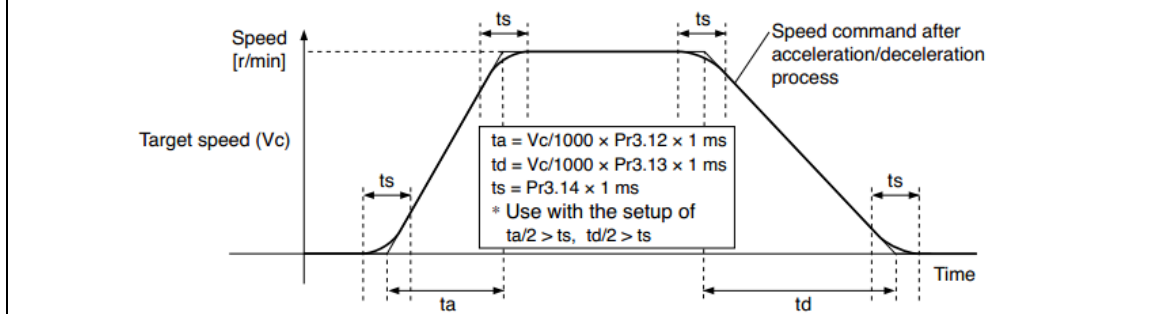
Assuming that the target value of the speed command is V_c (r/min), the time required for acceleration/deceleration can be computed from the formula shown below.

$$\text{Acceleration time (ms)} = V_c / 1000 * \text{Pr3.12} * 1\text{ms}$$



Pr3.14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -1000	ms	0	S	

Set S-curve time for acceleration/deceleration process when the speed command is applied. According to Pr3.12 Acceleration time setup and Pr3.13 Deceleration time setup, set up sigmoid time with time width centering the inflection point of acceleration/deceleration.



Pr3.15	Speed zero-clamp function selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -3	-	0	S	T

- If Pr3.15=0, the function of zero clamp is forbidden. It means the motor rotates with actual velocity which is controlled by the analog voltage input 1 even if the velocity is less than 10 rpm. The motor runs no matter what the value of Pr3.16 is. The actual velocity is controlled by external the analog voltage input .
- If Pr3.15=1 and the input signal of Zero Speed is available in the same time, the function of zero clamp works. It means motor will stop rotating in servo-on condition no matter what the velocity of motor is, and motor stop rotating no matter what the value of Pr3.16 is.
- If Pr3.15=2 , the function of zero clamp belongs to the value of Pr3.16. If the actual velocity is less than the value of Pr3.16, the motor will stop rotating in servo-on condition.

Pr3.16	Speed zero-clamp level	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -20000	r/min	30	S	T

When analog speed given value under speed control mode less than zero speed clamp level setup, speed command will set to 0 strongly.

Pr3.18	Torque command direction selection	Range	unit	default	Related control mode	
		0 -1	-	0		T

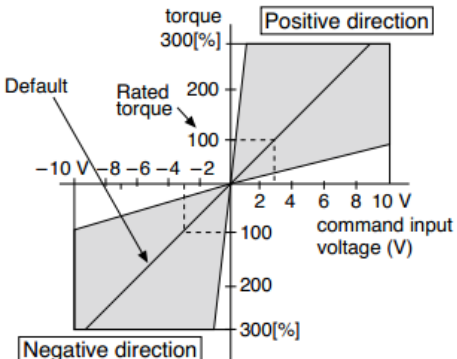
Select the direction positive/negative direction of torque command

Setup value	designation
0	Specify the direction with the sign of torque command Torque command input[+] → positive direction, [-] → negative direction
1	Specify the direction with torque command sign(TC-SIGN). OFF: positive direction ON: negative direction

Pr3.19	Torque command input gain	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	500			T

Based on the voltage (V) applied to the analog torque command (TRQR), set up the conversion gain to torque command(%).

- Unit of the setup value is [0.1V/100%] and set up input voltage necessary to produce the rated torque.
- Default setup of 30 represents 3V/100%



Pr3.20	Torque command input reversal	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	0			T

Set up the polarity of the voltage applied to the analog torque command(TRQR).

Setup value	Direction of motor output torque	
0	Non-reversal	[+ voltage] → [+ direction] [- voltage] → [-direction]
1	reversal	[+ voltage] → [- direction] [- voltage] → [+direction]

Pr3.21	Speed limit value 1	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-20000	r/min	0			T

Set up the speed limit used for torque controlling.
During the torque controlling, the speed set by the speed limit value cannot be exceeded.

Pr3.24*	Motor rotate maximum speed limit	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-6000	r/min	3000	P	S	T

Set up motor running max rotate speed, but can't be exceeded motor allowed max rotate speed.

Note: For parameters which No. have a suffix of “*”, changed contents will be validated when you turn on the control power.

4.2.5 【Class 4】 I/F Monitor Setting

Pr4.00*	Input selection SI1	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00030303h	P	S	T

Pr4.01*	Input selection SI2	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00828282h	P	S	T
Pr4.02*	Input selection SI3	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00818181h	P	S	T
Pr4.03*	Input selection SI4	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00919191h	P	S	T
Pr4.04*	Input selection SI5	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00000007h	P	S	T

S Set SI1 input function allocation.

This parameter use 16 binary system to set up the values, as following :

00- - - * * h: position control

00- - * * - - h: velocity control

00* * - - - - h: torque control

Please at [**] partition set up function number

For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.

Signal name	symbol	Set value	
		a-contact	b- contact
Invalid	-	00h	Do not setup
Positive direction over-travel inhibition input	POT	01h	81h
negative direction over-travel inhibition input	NOT	02h	82h
Servo-ON input	SRV-ON	03h	83h
Alarm clear input	A-CLR	04h	Do not setup
Control mode switching input	C-MODE	05h	85h
Gain switching input	GAIN	06h	86h
Deviation counter clear input	CL	07h	Do not setup
Command pulse inhibition input	INH	08h	88h
Electronic gear switching input 1	DIV1	0Ch	8Ch
Electronic gear switching input 2	DIV2	0Dh	8Dh
Selection 1 input of internal command speed	INTSPD1	0Eh	8Eh
Selection 2 input of internal command speed	INTSPD2	0Fh	8Fh
Selection 3 input of internal command speed	INTSPD3	10h	90h
Speed zero clamp input	ZEROSPD	11h	91h
Speed command sign input	VC-SIGN	12h	92h
Torque command sign input	TC-SIGN	13h	93h
Forced alarm input	E-STOP	14h	94h

Note:

1. a-contact means input signal comes from external controller or component ,for example: PLC .
2. b-contact means input signal comes from driver internally.
3. Don't setup to a value other than that specified in the table .
4. Don't assign specific function to 2 or more signals. Duplicated assignment will cause Err21.0 I/F input multiple assignment error 1or Err21.1 I/F input multiple assignment error 2.

Pr4.10*	Output selection SO1	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00010101h	P	S	T
Pr4.11*	Output selection SO2	Range	unit		Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00020202h (131586)	P	S	T
Pr4.12*	Output selection SO3	Range	unit		Related control mode		
		0-00FFFFFFh	-	00000704h (65793)	P	S	T

Pr4.13*	Output selection SO4	Range	unit	00000303h (328964)	Related control mode																																			
		0-00FFFFFFh	-		P	S	T																																	
Assign functions to SO1 outputs. This parameter use 16 binary system do setup, as following : 00- - - - * * h: position control 00- - * * - - h: velocity control 00* * - - - - h: torque control Please at [* *] partition set up function number. For the function number, please refer to the following Figure.																																								
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Signal name</th> <th>symbol</th> <th>Setup value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Invalid</td> <td>-</td> <td>00h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Alarm output</td> <td>Alm</td> <td>01h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Servo-Ready output</td> <td>S-RDY</td> <td>02h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Eternal brake release signal</td> <td>BRK-OFF</td> <td>03h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Positioning complete output</td> <td>INP</td> <td>04h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>At-speed output</td> <td>AT-SPPED</td> <td>05h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Zero-speed detection output</td> <td>ZSP</td> <td>07h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Velocity coincidence output</td> <td>V-COIN</td> <td>08h</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Positional command ON/OFF output</td> <td>P-CMD</td> <td>0Bh</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Speed command ON/OFF output</td> <td>V-CMD</td> <td>0Fh</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>								Signal name	symbol	Setup value	Invalid	-	00h	Alarm output	Alm	01h	Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	02h	Eternal brake release signal	BRK-OFF	03h	Positioning complete output	INP	04h	At-speed output	AT-SPPED	05h	Zero-speed detection output	ZSP	07h	Velocity coincidence output	V-COIN	08h	Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	0Bh	Speed command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	0Fh
Signal name	symbol	Setup value																																						
Invalid	-	00h																																						
Alarm output	Alm	01h																																						
Servo-Ready output	S-RDY	02h																																						
Eternal brake release signal	BRK-OFF	03h																																						
Positioning complete output	INP	04h																																						
At-speed output	AT-SPPED	05h																																						
Zero-speed detection output	ZSP	07h																																						
Velocity coincidence output	V-COIN	08h																																						
Positional command ON/OFF output	P-CMD	0Bh																																						
Speed command ON/OFF output	V-CMD	0Fh																																						

Pr4.22	Analog input 1 (AI1) offset setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		-5578 -5578	-	0		S	
Set up the offset correction value applied to the voltage fed to the analog input 1.							

Pr4.23	Analog input 1 (AI1) filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-6400	0.01ms	0		S	
Set up the time constant of 1st delay filter that determines the lag time behind the voltage applied to the analog input 1.							

Pr4.31	Positioning complete range	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0 -10000	Encoder unit	10	P		
Set up the timing of positional deviation at which the positioning complete signal (INP1) is output.							

Pr4.32	Positioning complete range	Range	unit	default	Related control mode												
		0 -3	command unit	10	P												
Select the condition to output the positioning complete signal (INP1).																	
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Setup value</th> <th>Action of positioning complete signal</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>The signal will turn on when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>								Setup value	Action of positioning complete signal	0	The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].	1	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].	2	The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].	3	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional
Setup value	Action of positioning complete signal																
0	The signal will turn on when the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].																
1	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].																
2	The signal will turn on when there is no position command, the zero-speed detection signal is ON and the positional deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range].																
3	The signal will turn on when there is no position command and the positional																

	deviation is smaller than Pr4.31 [positioning complete range]. Then holds "ON" states until the next position command is entered. Subsequently, ON state is maintained until Pr4.33 INP hold time has elapsed. After the hold time, INP output will be turned ON/OFF according to the coming positional command or condition of the positional deviation.
--	---

Pr4.33	INP hold time	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-30000	1ms	0	P		

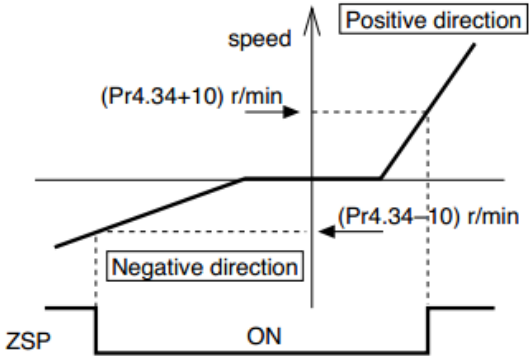
Set up the hold time when Pr 4.32 positioning complete output setup=3.

Setup value	State of Positioning complete signal
0	The hold time is maintained definitely, keeping ON state until next positional command is received.
1-30000	ON state is maintained for setup time (ms)but switched to OFF state as the positional command is received during hold time.

Pr4.34	Zero-speed	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		10 -20000	r/min	50	P	S	T

You can set up the timing to feed out the zero-speed detection output signal(ZSP or TCL) in rotate speed (r/min).
The zero-speed detection signal(ZSP) will be fed out when the motor speed falls below the setup of this parameter, Pr4.34

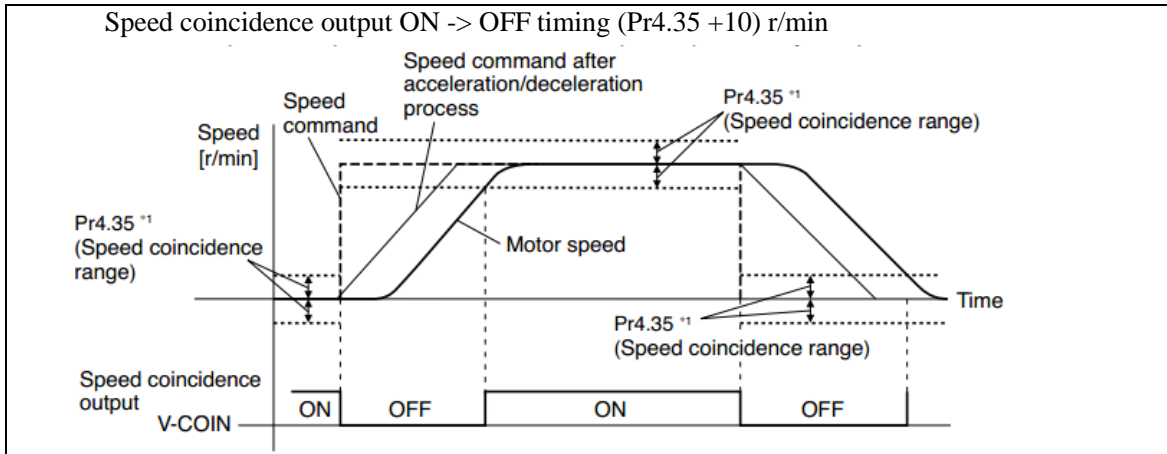
- the setup of pr4.34 is valid for both positive and negative direction regardless of the motor rotating direction.
- There is hysteresis of 10[r/min].



Pr4.35	Speed coincidence range	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		10 -20000	r/min	50	S		

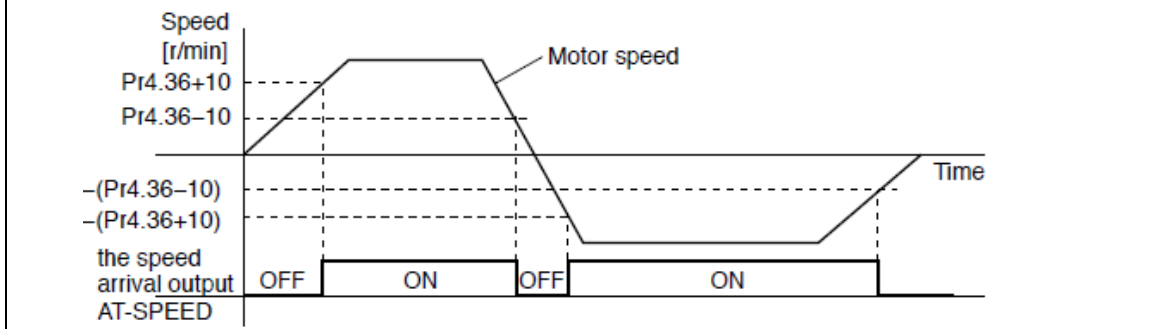
Set the speed coincidence (V-COIN) output detection timing.
Output the speed coincidence (V-COIN) when the difference between the speed command and the motor speed is equal to or smaller than the speed specified by this parameter.

Because the speed coincidence detection is associated with 10 r/min hysteresis, actual detection range is as shown below.
Speed coincidence output OFF -> ON timing (Pr4.35 -10) r/min



Pr4.36	At-speed(Speed arrival)	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		10-20000	r/min	1000	S

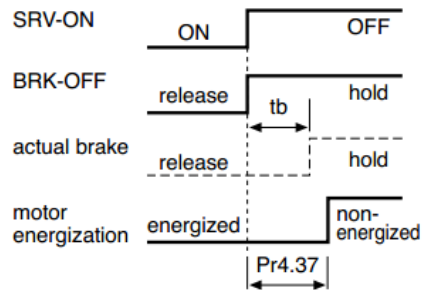
Set the detection timing of the speed arrival output (AT-SPEED).
 When the motor speed exceeds this setup value, the speed arrive output (AT-SPEED) is output.
 Detection is associated with 10r/min hysteresis .



Pr4.37	Mechanical brake action at stalling setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		0 -10000	1ms	0	P S T

Motor brake delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo on “galloping “phenomenon.
 Set up the time from when the brake release signal(BRK-OFF) turns off to when the motor is de-energized (servo-free),when the motor turns to servo-off while the motor is at stall

- Set up to prevent a micro-travel/drop of the motor (work) due to the action delay time(tb) of the brake.
- After setting up $Pr4.37 \geq tb$, then compose the sequence so as the driver turns to servo-off after the brake is actually activated.

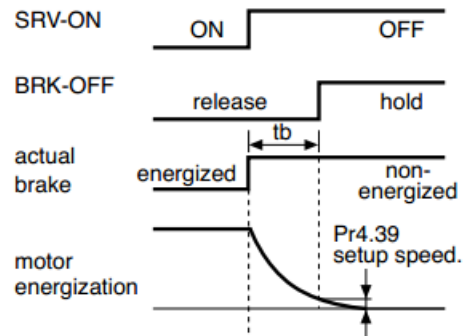


Pr4.38	Mechanical brake action at running setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode
		0 -10000	1ms	0	P S T

Mechanical brake start delay time setup, mainly used to prevent servo off “galloping “phenomenon.

Set up time from when detecting the off of servo-on input signal(SRV-ON)is to when external brake release signal(BRK-OFF)turns off, while the motor turns to servo off during the motor in motion.

- Set up to prevent the brake deterioration due to the motor running.
- At servo-OFF during the motor is running , tb of the right fig will be a shorter one of either Pr4.38 setup time, or time lapse till the motor speed falls below Pr4.39 setup speed.



Pr4.39	Brake release speed setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		30 -3000	1ms	30	P	S	T

When servo off, rotate speed less than this setup vale, and mechanical brake start delay time arrive, motor lost power.

4.2.6 【Class 5】 Extended Setup

Pr5.00	2nd numerator of electronic gear	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		1-32767	-	1	P	S	T
Pr5.01	3rd numerator of electronic gear	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		1-32767	-	1	P	S	T
Pr5.02	4th numerator of electronic gear	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		1-32767	-	1	P	S	T
Pr5.03*	Denominator of pulse output division	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		1-2500	-	2500	P	S	T

According to the command pulse input , set the 2nd to 4th numerator of electronic gear

DIV1	DIV2	numerator of electronic gear	denominator of electronic gear
OFF	OFF	Pr0.09	Pr5.03
ON	OFF	Pr5.00	Pr5.03
OFF	ON	Pr5.01	Pr5.03
ON	ON	Pr5.02	Pr5.03

For details, refer to Pr0.11 .

Pr5.06	Sequence at servo-off	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	0	P	S	T

Specify the status during deceleration and after stop, after servo-off.

Setup value	during deceleration	After stop
0	emergency	Free-run
1	Free-run	Free-run

Pr5.08	LV trip selection at main power OFF	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	0	P	S	T
You can select whether or not to activate Err0d.0 (main power under-voltage protection) function while the main shutoff continues for the setup of Pr5.09(The main power-OFF detection time).							
Setup value		Action of main power low voltage protection					
0		When the main power is shut off during Servo-On, Err0d.0 will not be triggered and the driver turns to Servo-OFF. The driver returns to Servo-On again after the main power resumption.					
1		When the main power is shut off during Servo-On, the driver will trip due to Err0d.0					
Caution: Err0d.0(main power under-voltage protection) is trigged when setup of Pr5.09 is long and P-N voltage of the main converter falls below the specified value before detecting the main power shutoff , regardless of the Pr5.08 setup.							

Pr5.09*	The main power-OFF detection time	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		70-2000	1ms	70	P	S	T
You can set up the time to detect the shutoff while the main power is kept shut off continuously. The main power off detection is invalid when you set up this to 2000.							

Pr5.13	Over-speed level setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-20000	r/min	0	P	S	T
If the motor speed exceeds this setup value, Err1A.0 [over-speed protect] occurs. The over-speed level becomes 1.2 times of the motor max, speed by setting up this to 0.							

Pr5.15*	I/F reading filter	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-255	0.1ms	0	P	S	T
I/O input digital filtering; higher setup will arise control delay.							

Pr5.28*	LED initial status	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-35	-	1	P	S	T
You can select the type of data to be displayed on the front panel LED (7-segment) at the initial status after power-on.							
Setup value	content	Setup value	content	Setup value	content		
0	Positional command deviation	10	I/O signal status	27	Voltage across PN [V]		
1	Motor speed	11	Analog input value	28	Software version		
2	Positional command speed	12	Error factor and reference of history	29	Driver serial number		
3	Velocity control command	16	Inertia ratio	30	Motor serial number		
4	Torque command	17	Factor of no-motor running	31	Accumulated operation time		
5	Feedback pulse sum	23	Communication axis address	33	Temperature information		

6	Command pulse sum	24	Encoder positional deviation[encoder unit]	36	Safety condition monitor
9	Control mode				

Pr5.29*	Baud rate setup of RS232 communication	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-6	-	5	P	S	T

You can set up the communication speed of RS232.

Pr5.30*	Baud rate setup of RS485 communication	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-6	-	2	P	S	T

You can set up the communication speed of RS485.

Set value	Baud rate	Set value	Baud rate
0	2400bps	4	38400bps
1	4800bps	5	57600bps
2	9600bps	6	115200bps
3	19200bps		

Baud rate error is 2400-38400bps $\pm 5\%$,57600-115200bps $\pm 2\%$

Pr5.31*	Axis address	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-127	-	1	P	S	T

During communication with the host (e.g. PC) to control multiple shafts, the shaft being accessed by the host should be identified.

Notice: when using RS232/RS485, the maximum valid value is 31.

Pr5.35*	Front panel lock setup	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-1	-	0	P	S	T

Lock the operation on the front panel.

Setup value	content
0	No limit on the front panel operation
1	Lock the operation on the front panel

4.2.7 【Class 6】 Special Setup

Pr6.03	JOG trial run command torque	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-100	%	0			T

You can set up the command speed used for JOG trial run (torque control).

Pr6.04	JOG trial run command speed	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-500	r/min	300	P	S	T

You can set up the command speed used for JOG trial run (velocity control).

Pr6.07	JOG trial run command speed	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		-100-100	%	0	P	S	T
Pr6.08	JOG trial run command speed	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		-100-100	%	0	P	S	T
Pr6.09	JOG trial run command speed	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		-100-100	%	0	P	S	T

This three parameters may apply feed forward torque superposition directly to torque command.

Pr6.20	Trial run distance	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-200	0.1rev	10	P		

The distance of running each time in JOG run(position control)

Pr6.21	Trial run waiting time	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-30000	Ms	1000	P		


The waiting time after running each time in JOG run(position control)

Pr6.22	Trial run cycle times	Range	unit	default	Related control mode		
		0-32767	-	10	P		

The cycling times of JOG run(position control)

Chapter 5 Alarm and Processing

5.1 Alarm List



































Protection function is activated when an error occurs, the driver will stop the rotation of servo motor, and the front panel will automatically display the corresponding fault error code. The history of the error can be viewed on data monitoring mode. error logging submenu displays like:“”.

The error code displays like:

Er---

Figure 5-1 Panel Alarm Display

Table 5.1 Error Code List

Error code		content	Attribute		
Main	Sub		history	Immediate stop	Can be cleared
		FPGA communication error	•		
		Current detection circuit error	•		
		Analog input circuit error	•		
		DC bus circuit error	•		
		Temperature detection circuit error	•		
		Control power under-voltage	•		
		DC bus over-voltage	•		•
		DC bus under-voltage	•		•
		Over-current	•		
		over -current of intelligent power module(IPM)	•		
		Driver over-heat	•	•	
		Motor over-load	•		•
		Resistor discharged circuit overload	•	•	
		Encoder wiring error	•		
		Encoder initial position error	•		
		Encoder data error	•	•	
		Too large position pulse deviation	•	•	•
		Too large velocity deviation	•	•	•
		Over-speed 1	•	•	•
		I/F input interface allocation error	•		•
		I/F input interface function set error	•		•

	2	I/F output interface function set error	•		•
24	8	CRC verification error when EEPROM parameter saved			
26	8	Positive/negative over-range input valid	•	•	•
58	8	Compulsory alarm input valid	•	•	

Save: save this error history record

Emergency: error, driver will stop immediately

May remove: may through SI input/panel/software ACH Series remove alarm

5.2 Alarm Processing Method

When appear error, please clear error reason, renew power on

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28090"_"E28098"
	09	0~F	Content: FPGA communication error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Vdc/GND under-voltage		Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal	Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
Driver internal fault		/	replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28080"_"E28088"
	08	0~7	Content: current detection circuit error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Wiring error of motor output U,V,W terminal		Check wiring of motor output U,V,W terminal	Make sure motor U,V,W terminal wiring correctly
Vdc/GND under-voltage		Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal	Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
Driver inner fault		/	replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E280A2"_"E280A4"
	0A	2~4	Content: analog input circuit error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Analog input Wiring error		Check wiring of analog input	Make sure analog input wiring correctly
Driver inner fault		/	replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E280A5"
	0A	5	Content: DC bus circuit error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Vdc/GND under-voltage		Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal	Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range

Driver inner fault	/	replace the driver with a new one
--------------------	---	-----------------------------------

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28006"
	0A	6	Content: temperature detection circuit error
Cause			Confirmation
Vdc/GND under-voltage			Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal
			Solution
			Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
Driver inner fault			/
			replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28008"
	0B	8	Content: control power under-voltage
Cause			Confirmation
Vdc/GND under-voltage			Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal
			Solution
			Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
Driver inner fault			/
			replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extr	Display: "E28020"
	0E	0	Content: DC bus over-voltage
Cause			Confirmation
Vdc/GND over-voltage			Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal
Inner brake circuit damaged			/
Driver inner fault			/
			Solution
			Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
			replace the driver with a new one
			replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28000"
	0d	0	Content: DC bus under-voltage
Cause			Confirmation
Vdc/GND under-voltage			Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal
Driver inner fault			/
			Solution
			Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
			replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E280E0"
	0E	0	Content: over-current
Cause			Confirmation
Short of driver output wire			Short of driver output wire, whether short circuit to PG ground or not
Abnormal wiring of motor			Check motor wiring order
Short of IGBT module			Cut off driver output wiring, make srv_on available and drive motor, check whether over-current exists
abnormal setting of control parameter			Modify the parameter
abnormal setting of control command			Check control command whether command changes too violently or
			Solution
			Assure driver output wire no short circuit, assure motor no damage
			Adjust motor wiring sequence
			replace the driver with a new one
			Adjust parameter to proper range
			Adjust control command: open filter function

	not	
--	-----	--

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E2E0E0"
	E2	E0	Content: IPM over-current
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Short of driver output wire		Short of driver output wire, whether short circuit to PG ground or not	Assure driver output wire no short circuit, assure motor no damage
Abnormal wiring of motor		Check motor wiring order	Adjust motor wiring sequence
Short of IGBT module		Cut off driver output wiring, make srv_on available and drive motor, check whether over-current exists or not	replace the driver with a new one
Short of IGBT module		/	replace the driver with a new one
abnormal setting of control parameter		Modify the parameter	Adjust parameter to proper range
abnormal setting of control command		Check control command whether command changes too violently or not	Adjust control command: open filter function

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E2E0E0"
	E2	E0	Content: driver over-heat
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
the temperature of power module have exceeded upper limit		Check driver radiator whether the temperature is too high or not	Strengthen cooling conditions, promote the capacity of driver and motor, enlarge acceleration/deceleration time, reduce load

Error code	Main	Extr	Display: "E2E0E0"
	E2	E0	Content: motor over-load
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Load is too heavy		Check actual load if the value of parameter exceed maximum or not	Decrease load, adjust limit parameter
Oscillation of machine		Check the machine if oscillation exists or not	Modify the parameter of control loop; enlarge acceleration/deceleration time
wiring error of motor		Check wiring if error occurs or not, if line breaks or not	Adjust wiring or replace encoder/motor for a new one
electromagnetic brake engaged		Check brake terminal voltage	Cut off brake

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E2E0E0"
	E2	E0	Content: Resistance discharge circuit over-load
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Regenerative energy has exceeded the capacity of regenerative resistor .		Check the speed if it is too high. Check the load if it is too large or not.	lower motor rotational speed; decrease load inertia ,increase external regenerative resistor, improve the capacity of the driver and motor
Resistance discharge circuit damage		/	Increase external regenerative resistor, replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E288150"
	15	0	Content: encoder line broken
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Encoder line disconnected		check wiring if it steady or not	Make encoder wiring steady
Encoder wiring error		Check encoder wiring if it is correct or not	Reconnect encoder wiring
Encoder damaged		/	replace the motor with a new one
Encoder measuring circuit damaged		/	replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extr	Display: "E288152"
	15	2	Content: initialized position of encoder error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Communication data abnormal		Check encoder power voltage if it is DC5V \pm 5% or not; check encoder cable and shielded line if it is damaged or not; check encoder cable whether it is intertwined with other power wire or not	Ensure power voltage of encoder normally, ensure encoder cable and shielded line well with FG ground, ensure encoder cable separated with other power wire
Encoder damaged		/	replace the motor with a new one
Encoder measuring circuit damaged		/	replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E288170"
	17	0	Content: encoder data error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Communication data abnormal		Check encoder power voltage if it is DC5V \pm 5% or not ; check encoder cable and shielded line if it is damaged or not; check encoder cable whether it is intertwined with other power wire or not	Ensure power voltage of encoder normally, ensure encoder cable and shielded line well with FG ground, ensure encoder cable separated with other power wire
Encoder damaged		/	replace the motor with a new one
Encoder measuring circuit damaged		/	replace the driver with a new one

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E288180"
	18	0	Content: position error over-large error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Unreasonable set of position error parameter		Check parameter PA_014 value if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_014
Gain set is too small		Check parameter PA_100, PA_105 value if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_100, PA_105
Torque limit is too small		Check parameter PA_013, PA_522 value whether too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_103, PA_522
Outside load is too large		Check acceleration/ deceleration time if it is too small or not , check motor rotational	Increase acceleration/ deceleration time decrease

	speed if it is too big or not ; check load if it is too large or not	speed, decrease load
--	--	----------------------

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28818"
	88	1	Content: velocity error over-large error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
The deviation of inner position command velocity is too large with actual speed		Check the value of PA_602 if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_602, or set the value to 0, make position deviation over-large detection invalid
The acceleration/ decelerate time Inner position command velocity is too small		Check the value of PA_312, PA_313 if it is too small or not	Enlarge the value of PA_312, PA_313. adjust gain of velocity control, improve trace performance.

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28819"
	89	0	Content: motor vibration
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Current vibration		Current vibration	Cut down the value of Pr003. Pr004
Stiffness is too strong		Stiffness is too strong	

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E2881A"
	8A	0	Content: over-speed 1
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Motor speed has exceeded the first speed limit (PA_321)		Check speed command if it is too large or not; check the voltage of analog speed command if it is too large or not; check the value of PA_321 if it is too small or not; check input frequency and division frequency coefficient of command pulse if it is proper or not; check encoder if the wiring is correct or not	Adjust the value of input speed command, enlarge the value PA_321 value, modify command pulse input frequency and division frequency coefficient, assure encoder wiring correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28210"
	21	0	Content: I/F input interface allocation error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
The input signal are assigned with two or more functions.		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_400, PA_401, PA_402, PA_403, PA_404 set correctly
The input signal aren't assigned with any functions.		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401,PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not	Assure parameter PA_400, PA_401, PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 set correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28211"
	21	1	Content: I/F input interface function set error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Signal allocation error		Check the value of PA_400, PA_401,	Assure the value of PA_400,

	PA_402,PA_403,PA_404 if it is proper or not	PA_401, PA_402, PA_403, PA_404 set correctly
--	---	--

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28242"
	24	2	Content: I/F input interface function set error
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
The input signal are assigned with two or more functions.		Check the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413, if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412,PA_413 set correctly
The input signal aren't assigned with any functions.		Check the value of PA_410, PA_411, PA_412, PA_413, if it is proper or not	Assure the value of PA_410, PA_411,PA_412,PA_413 set correctly

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28240"
	24	0	Content: CRC verification error when EEPROM parameter is saved
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Vdc/GND under-voltage		Check the voltage of Vdc/GND terminal	Make sure voltage of Vdc/GND in proper range
Driver is damaged		save the parameters for several times	replace the driver with a new one
The setting of driver maybe default setting which isn't suitable for motor .		Check the setting of driver if it is suitable for your motor	Download the suitable project file to driver for motor

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28260"
	26	0	Content: positive negative over-travel input valid
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
positive /negative over-travelling input signal has been conducted		Check the state of positive negative over-travel input signal	/

Error code	Main	Extra	Display: "E28570"
	57	0	Content: forced alarm input valid
Cause		Confirmation	Solution
Forced-alarm input signal has been conducted		Check forced-alarm input signal	Assure input signal wiring correctly

6.2 Panel Display and Operation

6.2.1 Panel Operation Flow Figure

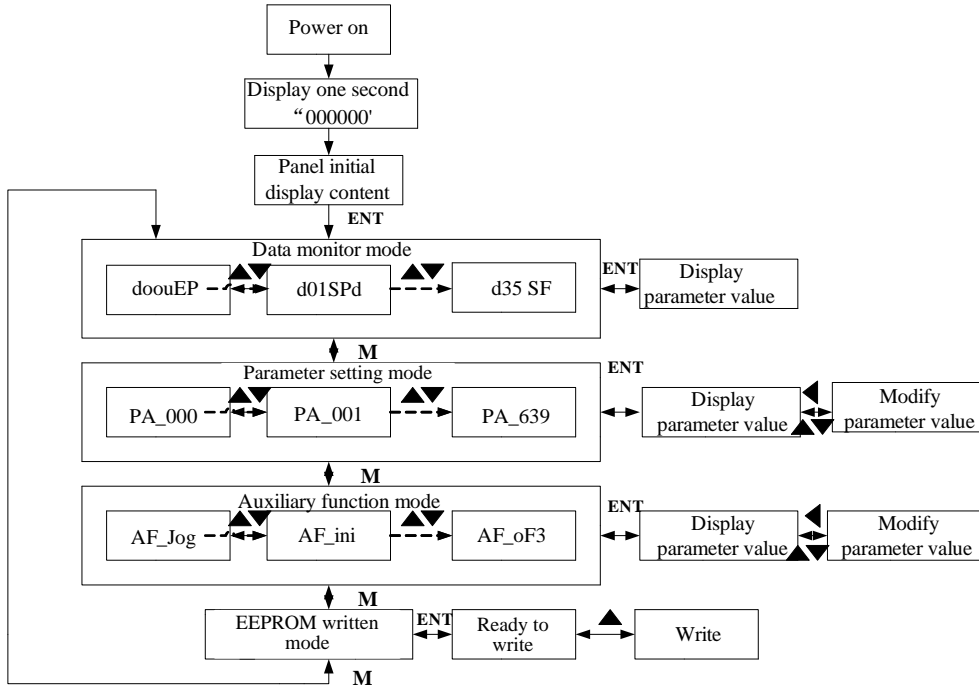










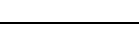




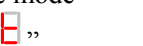






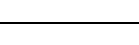

Figure 6-2 the flow diagram of panel operation

- (1) The front panel display □□□□□□ for about one second firstly after turning on the power of the driver. Then if no abnormal alarm occurs, monitor mode is displayed with the value of initial parameter ; otherwise, abnormal alarm code is displayed.
- (2) Press M key to switch the data monitor mode → parameter setting mode → auxiliary function mode → EEPROM written mode.
- (3) If new abnormal alarm occurs, the abnormal alarm will be displayed immediately in abnormal mode no matter what the current mode is, press M key to switch to the other mode.
- (4) In data monitor mode, press ▲ or ▼ to select the type of monitor parameter; Press ENT to enter the parameter type , then press ◀ to display the high 4 bits “H” or low 4 bits “L” of some parameter values.
- (5) In parameter setting mode, press ◀ to select current editing bit of parameter No, press ▲ or ▼ to change current editing bit of parameters No. Press ENT key to enter the parameter setting mode of corresponding parameters No. Press ◀ to select current bit of parameter value when editing it, press ▲ or ▼ to change the value of the bit. Press ENT to save it and switch to the interface of parameter No.

6.2.2 Driver Operating Data Monitor

Table 6.2 Function List of Driver Monitor

Serial Number	Name	Specification	Display	Unit	Data Format (x, y is numerical value)
---------------	------	---------------	---------	------	---------------------------------------

0	d00uEP	Positional command deviation		pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
1	d01SPd	Motor speed		r/min	"r xxxx"
2	d02cSP	Positional command speed		r/min	"r xxxx"
3	d03cuL	Velocity control command		r/min	"r xxxx"
4	d04trq	Torque command		%	"r xxxx"
5	d05nPS	Feedback pulse sum		pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
6	d06cPS	Command pulse sum		pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
7	d07	/		/	" xxxx"
8	d08FPS	External scale feedback pulse sum		pulse	Low-bit "L xxxx" High-bit "H xxxx"
9	d09cnt	Control mode		/	Position:"  " Speed:"  " Torque:"  " Composite mode"  "
10	d10Io	I/O signal status		/	Input:"In0x y" (x:interface number, arbitrary value between1-8) (y:invalid -,valid A) output:"ot0x y" (x:interface series number, arbitrary value between1-8) (y:invalid -,valid A)
11	d11Ain	Analog input value		v	"x yyyy" x:AI1 A,AI2 b,AI3 c
12	d12Err	Error factor and reference of history		/	"Er xxx"
13	d13 rn	Alarm display		/	"m xxx"
14	d14 r9	Regeneration load factor		%	"rg xxx"
15	d15 oL	Over-load factor		%	"oL xxx"
16	d16Jrt	Inertia ratio		%	"J xxx"
17	d17 ch	Factor of no-motor running		/	"cP xxx"












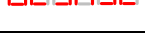
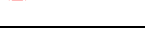
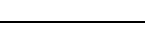






18	d18ict	No. of changes in I/O signals		/	“n xxx”
19	d19	/		/	“ xxxx”
20	d20Abs	Absolute encoder data		pulse	Low-bit “L xxxx” High-bit”H xxxx”
21	d21AES	Absolute external scale position		pulse	Low-bit “L xxxx” High -bit”H xxxx”
22	d22rEc	No of Encoder/external scale communication errors monitor		times	“n xxx”
23	d23 id	Communication axis address		/	“id xxx” “Fr xxx”
24	d24PEP	Encoder positional deviation(encoder unit)		pulse	Low-bit “L xxxx” High -bit”H xxxx”
25	d25PFE	Encoder scale deviation (external scale unit)		pulse	Low-bit “L xxxx” High -bit”H xxxx”
26	d26hyb	hybrid deviation (command unit)		pulse	Low-bit “L xxxx” High -bit”H xxxx”
27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN [V]		V	“u xxx”
28	d28 no	Software version		/	“d xxx” “F xxx” “P xxx”
29	d29ASE	Driver serial number		/	“n xxx”
30	d30NSE	Motor serial number		/	Low-bit “L xxxx” High -bit”H xxxx”
31	d31 tE	Accumulated operation time		/	Low-bit “L xxxx” High -bit”H xxxx”
32	d32Aud	Automatic motor identification		/	“r xxx”
33	d33Ath	Driver temperature		°C	“th xxx”
34	d34	/		/	“t xxx”
35	d35 SF	Safety condition monitor		/	“xxxxxx”

Table 6.3 “d17 ch” Motor No Rotate Reason Code Definition

Code	Display Code	Specification	Content
1		DC bus under-voltage	/
2		No entry of Srv-On input	The Servo-ON input (SRV-ON) is not connected to COM-

3	PPPPPP3	POT/NOT input is valid	PA_504=0,POT is open , speed command is positive direction NOT is open , speed command is negative direction
4	PPPPPP4	Driver fault	/
5	PPPPPP5	The relay inside the driver isn't closed	/
6	PPPPPP6	Pulse input prohibited (INH)	PA_518=0,INH is open
8	PPPPPP8	CL is valid	PA_517=0,deviation counter clear is connected to COM-
9	PPPPPP9	speed zero-clamp is valid	PA_315=1, speed zero-clamp is open

6.2.3 System Parameter Setting Interface

Table 6.4 Setup Interface of System Parameter

Class	No	Name	Display Code
0	01	control mode setup	PP0001
0	02	real-time auto-gain tuning	PP0002
0	03	selection of machine stiffness at real-time auto-gain tuning	PP0003
0	04	Inertia ratio	PP0004
0	06	command pulse rotational direction setup	PP0006
0	07	command pulse input mode setup	PP0007
0	09	1st numerator of electronic gear	PP0009
0	10	denominator of electronic gear	PP0010
0	11	output pulse counts per one motor revolution	PP0011
0	12	reversal of pulse output logic	PP0012
0	13	1st torque limit	PP0013
0	14	position deviation excess setup	PP0014
1	00	gain of 1st position loop	PP0100
1	01	gain of 1st velocity loop	PP0101
1	02	time constant of 1st velocity loop integration	PP0102
1	03	filter of 1st velocity detection	PP0103
1	04	time constant of 1st torque filter	PP0104
1	05	gain of 2nd position loop	PP0105
1	06	gain of 2nd velocity loop	PP0106

1	07	time constant of 2nd velocity loop integration	PA3107
1	08	filter of 2nd velocity detection	PA3108
1	09	time constant of 2nd torque filter	PA3109
1	10	Velocity feed forward gain	PA3110
1	11	Velocity feed forward filter	PA3111
1	12	Torque feed forward gain	PA3112
1	13	Torque feed forward filter	PA3113
1	14	2nd gain setup	PA3114
1	15	Control switching mode	PA3115
1	17	Control switching level	PA3117
1	18	Control switch hysteresis	PA3118
1	19	Gain switching time	PA3119
1	33	filter time constant of velocity command	PA3133
1	35	Positional command filter setup	PA3135
1	36	Encoder feedback pulse digital filter setup	PA3136
2	00	adaptive filter mode setup	PA3200
2	01	1st notch frequency	PA3201
2	02	1st notch width selection	PA3202
2	03	1st notch depth selection	PA3203
2	04	2nd notch frequency	PA3204
2	05	2nd notch width selection	PA3205
2	06	2nd notch depth selection	PA3206
2	22	Positional command smooth filter	PA3222
2	23	Positional command FIR filter	PA3223
3	00	Velocity setup internal/external switching	PA3300
3	01	Speed command rotational direction selection	PA3301
3	02	Speed command input gain	PA3302
3	03	Speed command reversal input	PA3303
3	04	1st speed setup	PA3304
3	05	2nd speed setup	PA3305
3	06	3rd speed setup	PA3306
3	07	4th speed setup	PA3307

3	08	5th speed setup	PA3308
3	09	6th speed setup	PA3309
3	10	7th speed setup	PA3310
3	11	8th speed setup	PA3311
3	12	Acceleration time setup	PA3312
3	13	Deceleration time setup	PA3313
3	14	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	PA3314
3	15	Speed zero-clamp function selection	PA3315
3	16	Speed zero-clamp level	PA3316
3	17	torque setting switch	PA3317
3	18	Torque command direction selection	PA3318
3	19	Torque command input gain	PA3319
3	20	Torque command input reversal	PA3320
3	21	Speed limit value 1	PA3321
3	24	maximum speed of motor rotation	PA3324
4	00	SI 1 input selection	PA3400
4	01	SI 2 input selection	PA3401
4	02	SI 3 input selection	PA3402
4	03	SI 4 input selection	PA3403
4	04	SI 5 input selection	PA3404
4	10	SO 1 output selection	PA3410
4	11	SO 2 output selection	PA3411
4	12	SO 3 output selection	PA3412
4	13	SO 4 output selection	PA3413
4	22	Analog input 1(AI 1) offset setup	PA3422
4	23	Analog input 1(AI 1) filter	PA3423
4	28	Analog input 3(AI 3) offset setup	PA3428
4	29	Analog input 3(AI 3) filter	PA3429
4	31	Positioning complete range	PA3431
4	32	Positioning complete output setup	PA3432
4	33	INP hold time	PA3433
4	34	Zero-speed	PA3434

4	35	Speed coincidence range	PA3435
4	36	At-speed	PA3436
4	37	Mechanical brake action at stalling setup	PA3437
4	38	Mechanical brake action at running setup	PA3438
4	39	Brake action at running setup	PA3439
5	00	2nd numerator of electronic gear	PA3500
5	01	3rd numerator of electronic gear	PA3501
5	02	4th numerator of electronic gear	PA3502
5	03	Denominator of pulse output division	PA3503
5	06	Sequence at servo-off	PA3506
5	08	Main power off LV trip selection	PA3508
5	09	Main power off detection time	PA3509
5	13	Over-speed level setup	PA3513
5	15	I/F reading filter	PA3515
5	28	LED initial status	PA3528
5	29	RS232 baud rate setup	PA3529
5	30	RS485 baud rate setup	PA3530
5	31	Axis address	PA3531
6	03	JOG trial run command torque	PA3603
6	04	JOG trial run command speed	PA3604
6	08	Positive direction torque compensation value	PA3608
6	09	Negative direction torque compensation value	PA3609
6	20	distance of trial running	PA3620
6	21	waiting time of trial running	PA3621
6	22	cycling times of trial running	PA3622

6.2.4 Auxiliary Function

Table 6.5 setting interface System parameter

No	Name	Specification	Display Code	Operation Flow
0	AF_jog	Trial run	PA3603	Please refer to the chapter of "trial run"
1	AF_InI	Initialization of parameter	PA3622	1. press ENT to enter operation, display "PA3622". 2. press ▲ once to display "PA3622", indicated initialization; after finishing it,






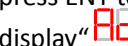




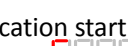



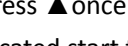



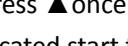




				display“  ”。
2	AF_unL	Release of front panel lock		1. press ENT to enter operation, display “  ”。 2. press ▲ button one time , display “  ”,indicated unlock the panel successfully
3	AF_AcL	Alarm clear		1. press ENT to enter operation, display“  ”。 2. press ▲ once , display “  ”, indicated alarm clear successfully
4	AF_oF1	A1 automatic offset adjustment		1.press ENT to enter operation, display “  ”。 2.press ▲once , display “  ”, indication start correct, then display“  ”indicated correction finished。
5	AF_oF2	A2 automatic offset adjustment		1.press ENT to enter operation, display “  ”。 2.press ▲once , display “  ”, indicated start to correct the offset, then display“  ”indicated that correction finished。
6	AF_oF3	A3 automatic offset adjustment		1.press ENT to enter operation, display “  ”。 2.press ▲once , display “  ”, indicated start to correct the offset, then display“  ”indicated correction finished。

Table 6.6 The Locked panel conditions



Mode	The Locked panel conditions
Monitor mode	No limitation: all monitored data can be checked.
Parameter set up mode	No parameter can be changed but setting can be checked.
Auxiliary function mode	Cannot be run except for” release of front panel lock”
EEPROM writing mode	No limitation

6.2.5 Saving parameter

Operation procedure:

1. press M to select EEPROM writing mode, display “”;
2. Press ENT to enter into writing mode operation:
3. Press and hold ▲, display LED from”  ” to”  ”, then it become”  ”,

finally it become” ”, indicated EEPROM writing operation have been began;

4.  " means that writing is unsuccessful while  " show that the writing is successful;

Follow steps 3 and 4 to repeat the operation; the drive may be damaged if repeat of several times still fails. The driver need to repair.

5. The driver need to power off and restart again if writing is successful .

NOTE: Don't turn off the power if EEPROM writing operation goes on, otherwise it may cause a writing wrong data; If this happens, please reset all the parameters ,then do EEPROM writing operation again.

6.2.6 Abnormal Alarm

The front panel will automatically enter the abnormal alarm display mode if driver error occurs while it displays the corresponding error code. Please refer to Chapter 5 of alarm processing about the detail of error code.

Chapter 7 Trial Run



Attention

- Ground the earth terminal of the motor and driver without fail. the PE terminal of driver must be reliably connected with the grounding terminal of equipment.
- The driver power need with isolation transformer and power filter in order to guarantee the security and anti-jamming capability.
- Check the wiring to make sure correctness before power on.
- Install a emergency stop protection circuit externally, the protection can stop running immediately to prevent accident happened and the power can be cut off immediately.
- If drive alarm occurs, the cause of alarm should be excluded and Svon signal must be invalid before restarting the driver.
- please don't touch terminal strip or separate the wiring.

Note: there are two kinds of trial run : trial run without load and trial run with load . The user need to test the driver without load for safety first.

Contact tech@leadshine.com for more technical service .

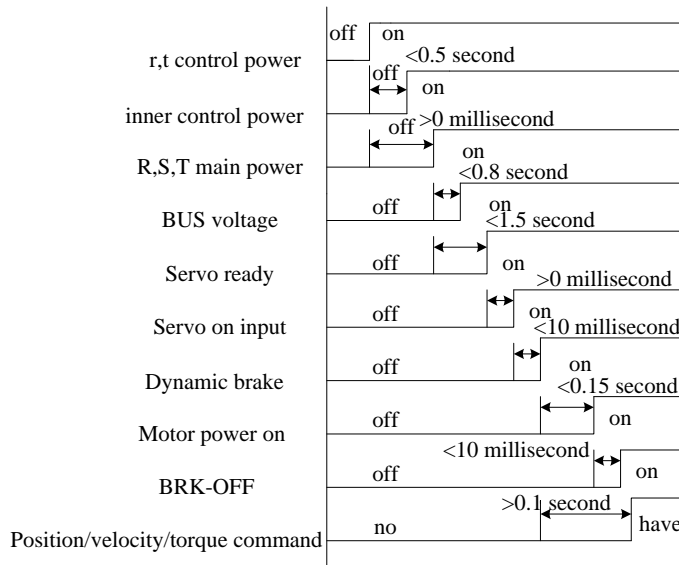
7.1 Inspection Before trial Run

7.1.1 Inspection on wiring

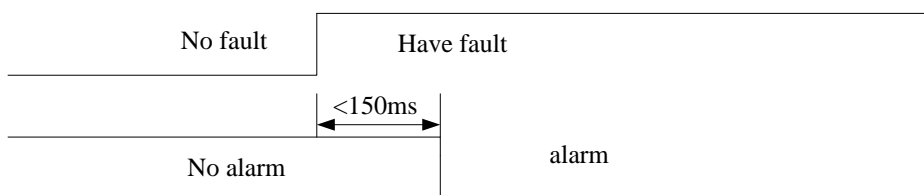
Table 7.1 inspection Item Before Run

No	Item	Content
1	Inspection on wiring	1. Ensure the following terminals are properly wired and securely connected : the input power terminals, motor output power terminal ,encoder input terminal CN2, control signal terminal CN1, communication terminal CN3(it is unnecessary to connect CN1 and CN3 in Jog run mode) 2.short among power input lines and motor output lines are forbidden , and no short connected with PG ground.
2	Confirmation of power supply	The range of control power input Vdc, Gnd must be in the rated range(24-60Vdc).
3	Fixing of position	the motor and driver must be firmly fixed
4	Inspection without load	the motor shaft must not be with a mechanical load.
5	Inspection on control signal	1, all of the control switch must be placed in OFF state. 2, servo enable input Srv_on must be in OFF state.

7.1.2 Timing chart on power-up



7.1.3 Timing chart on fault



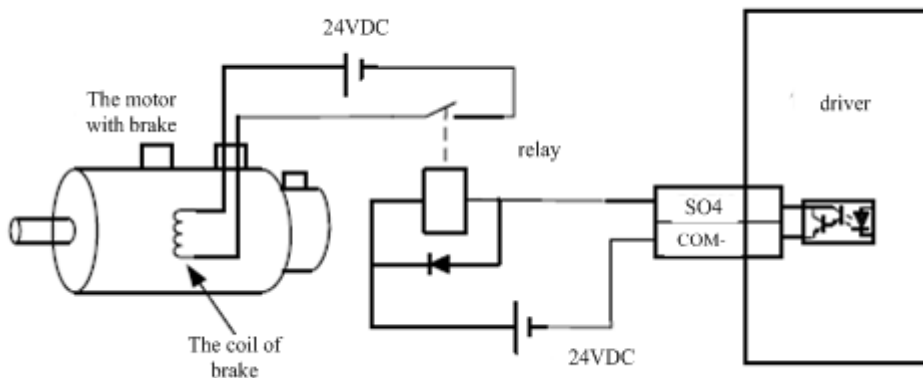
7.1.4 holding brake

In applications where the motor drives the vertical axis, this brake would be used to hold and prevent the work (moving load) from falling gravity while the power to the servo is shut off .

**Never use this for “Brake” purpose to stop the load in motion.
Use this built-in brake for “holding” purpose only. That is to hold the stalling status.**

For the brake release timing at power-on ,or braking timing at servo-off/servo-alarm while the motor is in motion ,refer to chapter 7.1.2 timing chart on power-up.

You can follow the diagram about the wiring below :



About the wire of brake ,there should be an 24VDC for brake, the brake will be loosed with the 24VDC input, and the driver give an output signal to control the connection or disconnection of the 24VDC , pin 31 and pin 35 of CN1 is the control signal , and it is forbidden to connect these signal directly for the power of 24VDC , it will destroy the hardware of servo driver.

And if you connect the pin31 and pin35 for controlling the brake , just make sure the setting value of Pr4.13. The default is 00000303h , if the driver works in torque mode , this value should be changed to 00030303h .

7.2 Trial Run

After installation and connection is completed , check the following items before turning on the power:

- Wiring ? (especially power input and motor output)
- Short or grounded ?
- Loose connection ?
- Unstable mounting ?
- Separation from the mechanical system ?

7.2.1 Jog Control

It is unnecessary to connect control signal terminal CN1 and communication terminal CN4 in Jog run mode. It is recommended that motor runs at low speed for safety, while the speed depends on the parameters below: there are two different modes : **speed JOG mode** and **location JOG mode**.



Table 7.2 Parameter Setup of Velocity JOG











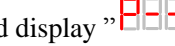




No	Parameter	Name	Set value	Unit
1	PA_001	Control mode setting	21	/
2	PA_312	Acceleration time setup	User-specified	millisecond
3	PA_313	Deceleration time setup	User-specified	millisecond
4	PA_314	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	User-specified	millisecond
5	PA_604	JOG trial run command speed	User-specified	rpm

Table 7.3 Parameter Setup of Position JOG

No	Parameter	Name	Nalue	Unit
1	PA_001	Control mode setting	20	/
2	PA_312	Acceleration time setup	User-specified	millisecond
3	PA_313	Deceleration time setup	User-specified	millisecond
4	PA_314	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	0	millisecond
5	PA_604	JOG trial run command speed	User-specified	rpm
6	PA_620	distance of trial running	User-specified	0.1 rotation
7	PA_621	waiting time of trial running	User-specified	millisecond
8	PA_622	cycling times of trial running	User-specified	times

◆JOG trial run operation process

1. set all parameters above corresponding to velocity JOG or position JOG ;
2. Enter EEPROM writing mode, and save the value of modified parameters ;
3. The driver need to restart after the value is written successfully;
4. Enter auxiliary function mode, and go to “”sub-menu;
5. Press ENT once, and display  ”;

6. Press  once, and display "  " if no exception occurs; press  once again if "  " occurs, it should display "  "; If "  " still occurs, please switch to data monitoring mode "  " sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;
7. In position JOG mode, the motor will rotate directly; if motor doesn't rotate, switch to data monitoring mode "  " sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;
 In speed JOG mode, press  once, the motor rotates once (hold  will make motor rotating to value of PA_604), and display "  "; press  once, the motor rotates once (hold  will make motor rotating to value of PA_604), and display"  "; if motor doesn't rotate, switch to data monitoring mode "  " sub-menu, find the cause why motor doesn't rotate, fix the trouble and try again;
8. Press ENT will exit JOG control in JOG run mode.

7.2.2 Position Control

Notice : You must do inspection before position control test run.

Table 7.4 Parameter Setup of Position Control

No	Parameter	Name	Input	Value	Unit
1	PA_001	control mode setup	/	20	/
2	PA_312	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
3	PA_313	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
4	PA_314	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
5	PA_005	Command pulse input select	/	0	/
6	PA_007	Command pulse mode select	/	3	/
7	PA_518	Command pulse prohibit input invalidation	/	1	/
8	PA_400	SI1 input select	Srv_on	Hex:0003	/

◆ Wiring Diagram

1). If the driver is enabled with external signal , pr400 should be set to 303 , and connection of CN1 should be set as following :

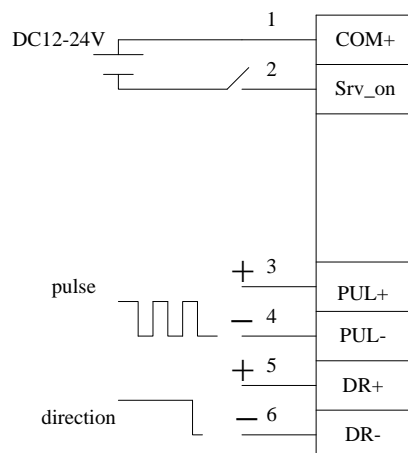


Figure 7-3 Control Terminal CN1 Signal Wiring in Position Control Mode with external servo_on signal

2). If the driver is enabled automatically , which is easier , pr400 should be set to 383 , and connection of CN1 should be set as following :

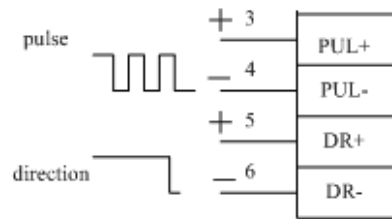


Figure 7-4 Control Terminal CN1 Signal Wiring in Position Control Mode with internal servo_on signal

◆ Operation Steps

1. connect terminal CN1.
2. Enter the power (DC12V to 24V) to control signal (the COM + and COM-).
3. Enter the power to the driver.
4. Confirm the value of the parameters, and write to the EEPROM and turn off/on the power (of the driver)
5. Connect the Srv_on input to bring the driver to servo-on status and energize the motor.
6. Enter low-frequency pulse and direction signal to run the motor at low speed.
7. Check the motor rotational speed at monitor mode whether, ("000000"),

Rotational speed is as per the setup or not, and

The motor stops by stopping the command (pulse) or not

If the motor does not run correctly, refer to the Factor of No-Motor running in data monitor mode

("000000").

7.2.3 Velocity Control

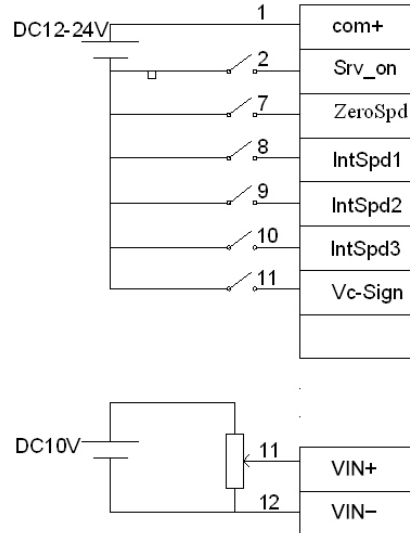
Notice : You must do inspection before velocity control test run.

Table 7.5 Parameter Setup of Velocity Control

No	Parameter	Name	input	Setup value	Unit
1	PA_001	Control mode setup	/	21	/
2	PA_312	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
3	PA_313	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
4	PA_314	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
5	PA_315	Zero speed clamping function select	/	1	/
6	PA_300	Velocity setup internal and external switching	/	User-specified	/
7	PA_301	Speed Command direction selection	/	User-specified	/
8	PA_302	Speed command input gain	/	User-specified	Rpm/V
9	PA_303	Speed setting input reversal	/	User-specified	/
10	PA_422	Analog input I(AI1) offset setup	/	User-specified	0.359mv
11	PA_423	Analog input I(AI1) filter	/	User-specified	0.01ms
12	PA_400	SI1 input selection	Srv_on	hex:0300	/
13	PA_401	SI2 input selection	ZeroSpd	hex:1100	/
14	PA_402	SI3 input selection	IntSpd1	hex:0E00	/

15	PA_403	SI4 input selection	IntSpd2	hex:0F00	/
16	PA_404	SI5 input selection	IntSpd3	hex:1000	/
17	PA_405	SI6 input selection	Vc-Sign	hex:1200	/

◆ Wiring Diagram



◆ Operation steps

1. connect terminal CN1.
2. Enter the power (DC12V to 24V) to control signal (the COM + and COM- ,while COM+ is for input signal and COM- is for output signal).
3. Enter the power to the driver.
4. Confirm the value of the parameters, and write to the EEPROM and turn off/on the power (of the driver)
5. Connect the Srv_on input to bring the driver to servo-on status and energize the motor.
6. Apply DC voltage between velocity command input , VIN+ and VIN-, and gradually increase from 0V to confirm the motor runs.
7. Check the motor rotational speed at monitor mode , (" **000SP0** ")
 - Whether rotational speed is as per the setup or not, and
 - Whether the motor stops with zero command or not
 - If the motor does rotate at a micro speed with command voltage of 0.
8. When you want to change the rotational speed and direction, set up the following parameters again.
 - Pr3.00. Pr3.01. Pr3.03
 - If the motor does not run correctly, refer to the Factor of No-Motor running in data monitor mode (" **000000** ").

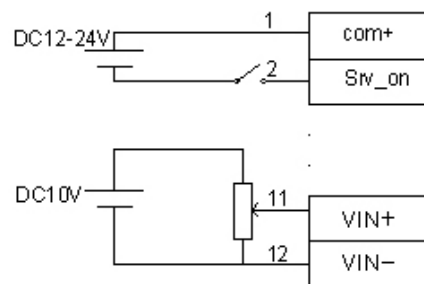
7.2.4 Torque Control

Notice : You must do inspection before torque control test run.

Table 7.6 Parameter Setup of Torque Control

No	Parameter	Name	input	Setup value	Unit
1	PA_001	Control mode setup	/	22	/
2	PA_312	Acceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
3	PA_313	Deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
4	PA_314	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	/	User-specified	millisecond
5	PA_315	Zero-clamp function selection	/	0	/
6	PA_319	Torque command direction input gain	/	User-specified	0.1V/100%
7	PA_320	Torque setup input reversal	/	User-specified	/
8	PA_321	Speed limit value 1	/	User-specified	R/min
9	PA_400	SII input selection	Srv_on	hex:030000	/
10	PA_422	Analog input offset setup	/	User-specified	0.359mv
11	PA_423	Analog input filter	/	User-specified	0.01ms

◆ Wiring Diagram



◆ Operation Steps

1. connect terminal CN1.
2. Enter the power (DC12V to 24V) to control signal (the COM + and COM-).
3. Enter the power to the driver.
4. Confirm the value of the parameters, and write to the EEPROM and turn off/on the power (of the driver)
5. Connect the Srv_on input to bring the driver to servo-on status and energize the motor.
6. apply DC voltage between torque command input , VIN+ and VIN-, and gradually increase from 0V to confirm the motor runs.
7. Check the motor torque at monitor mode ("804829"), Whether actual torque is as per the setup or not
8. When you want to change the torque magnitude, direction and velocity limit value against the command voltage, set up the following parameters : Pr3.19. Pr3.20. Pr3.21
If the motor does not run correctly, refer to the Factor of No-Motor running in data monitor mode ("888888").

7.3 Automatic Control Mode Run

7.3.1 Operation Mode Selection

ELD5 series Low-voltage AC servo drives support the position, speed, torque three basic modes of operation, and can switch freely between the three basic modes of operation by switch or modify parameters.

Table 7.7 Parameter setup of Operation Mode Selection

No	Mode	Parameter	Specification
1	Position mode	PA_001=20	The position control is performed based on the positional command (pulse train) from the host controller or the command set in the servo driver.
2	Velocity mode	PA_001=21	The velocity control is performed according to the analog speed command from the host controller or the speed command set in the servo driver.
3	Torque mode	PA_001=22	The torque control is performed according to the torque command specified in the form of analog voltage or the command set in the servo driver.
4	1st mode: position mode 2nd mode: speed mode	PA_001=23	The control mode is switched through external input.
5	1st mode: position mode 2nd Mode: torque mode	PA_001=24	The control mode is switched through external input.
6	1st mode: speed mode 2nd Mode: torque mode	PA_001=25	The control mode is switched through external input.

The step of changing the operation mode:

- 1, Switch the driver to Servo Off status.
 - 2, Modify the corresponding parameters of control mode to EEPROM.
- Turn off/on the power to make the new mode works after setup completed.

7.3.2 Position Mode

The driver is widely used for precise positioning in position control mode.

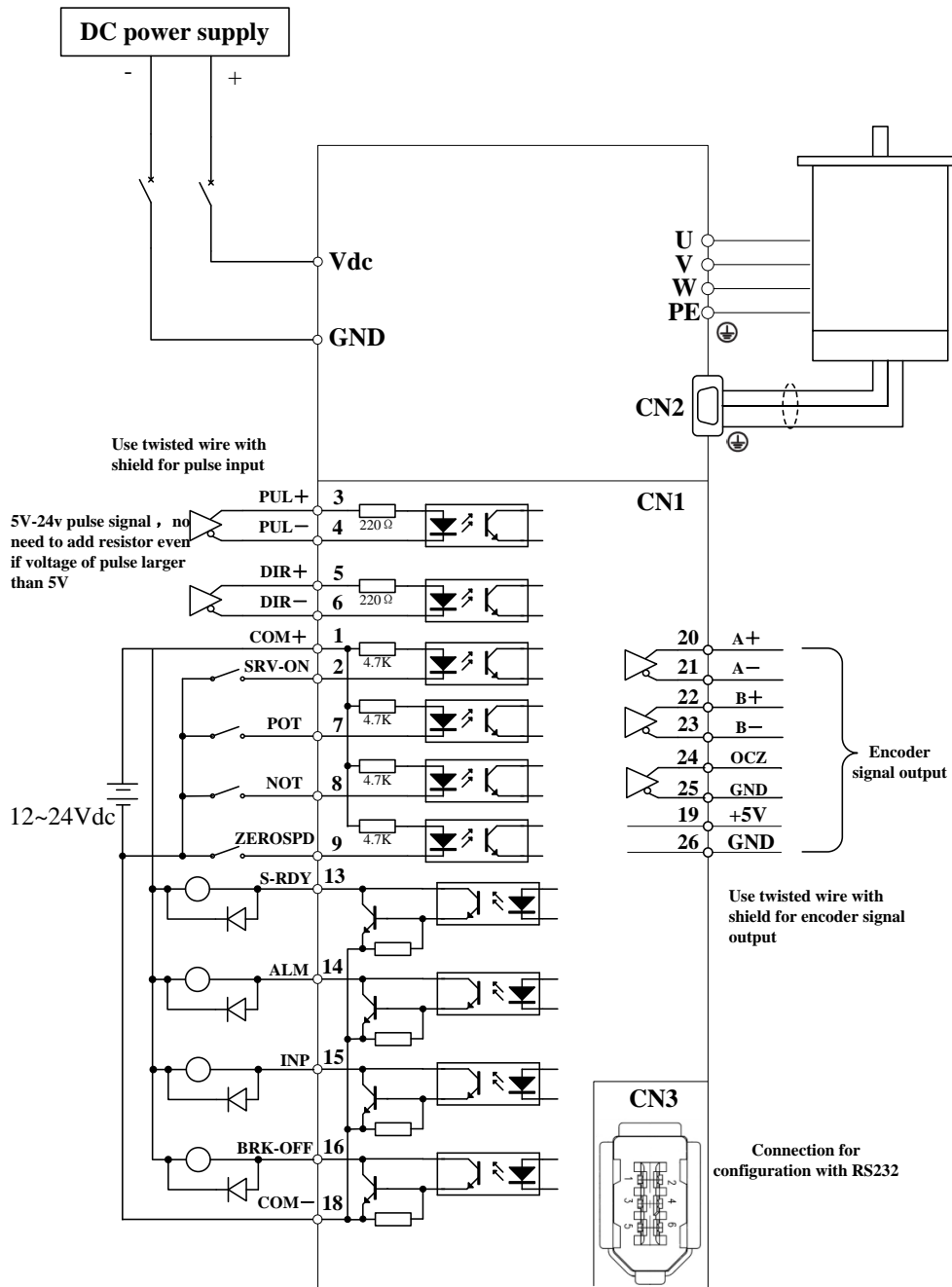


Figure 7-6 Position Mode Typical Wiring Diagram

Corresponding parameters setup of position control mode

1. Process of command pulse input

The positional commands of the following 3 types (pulse train) are available.

- ◆ A, B phase pulse
- ◆ Positive direction pulse/negative direction pulse
- ◆ Pulse + sign

Please set the pulse configuration and pulse counting method based on the specification and configuration of installation of the host controller.

Table 7.8 Parameter Setup of Position Command Selection

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_006	Command pulse polar setting	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_007	Command pulse input mode setting	
3	PA_008	Command pulse counts per revolution	

2. Electronic gear function

The function multiplies the input pulse command from the host controller by the predetermined dividing or multiplying factor and applies the result to the position control section as the positional command. By using this function, desired motor rotations or movement distance per unit input command pulse can be set.

Table 7.9 Parameter Setup of Electronic Gear Ratio

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_009	First command frequency double molecular	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_010	Command frequency double denominator	
3	PA_500	The second command divide double frequency molecular	
4	PA_501	The third command divide double frequency molecular	
5	PA_502	The fourth command divide double frequency molecular	

3. Position command filter

To make the positional command divided or multiplied by the electronic gear smooth, set the command filter.

Table 7.10 Parameter Setup of Position Command Filter

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_222	Positional command smoothing filter	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_223	Positional command FIR filter	

4. Motor encoder pulse output

The information on the amount of movement can be sent to the host controller in the form of A and B phase pulses from the servo driver.

Table 7.11 Parameter Setup of Driver Encoder Pulse Output

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_011	Encoder pulse output molecular	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_012	Pulse output logic reverse	
3	PA_503	Pulse output divide frequency denominator	
4	PA_533	Pulse regeneration output boundary set	

5. Deviation Counter clear

The deviation counter clear input (CL) clears the counts of positional deviation counter at the position control to 0.

Table 7.12 Parameter Setup of Deviation Counter Clear

No	parameter	name	Setup method
1	PA_517	Counter clear input mode	Please refer to chapter 4

6. Position complete output (INP)

The completion of positioning can be verified by the positioning complete output (INP). When the absolute value of the positional deviation counter at the position control is equal to or below the positioning complete Range by the parameter, the output is ON. Presence and absence of positional command can be specified as

one of judgment conditions.

Table 7.13 Related Parameter Setup of Position Complete Output

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_431	Position complete range	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_432	Position complete output setup	
3	PA_433	INP hold time	

And the output port should be assigned for “INP”, for details of these parameters, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

7. Command pulse prohibit (INH)

The command pulse input counting process can be forcibly terminated by using the command pulse inhibit input signal (INH). When INH input is ON, the servo driver ignores the command pulse, disabling pulse counting function.

Table 7.14 Related Parameter Setup of Command Pulse Prohibit

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_518	Command pulse prohibit input invalid setup	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_519	Command pulse prohibit input read setup	

And the input port should be assigned for “INH”, for details of these parameters, refer to PA_400 – PA409.

8. Other setup for SI/SO function

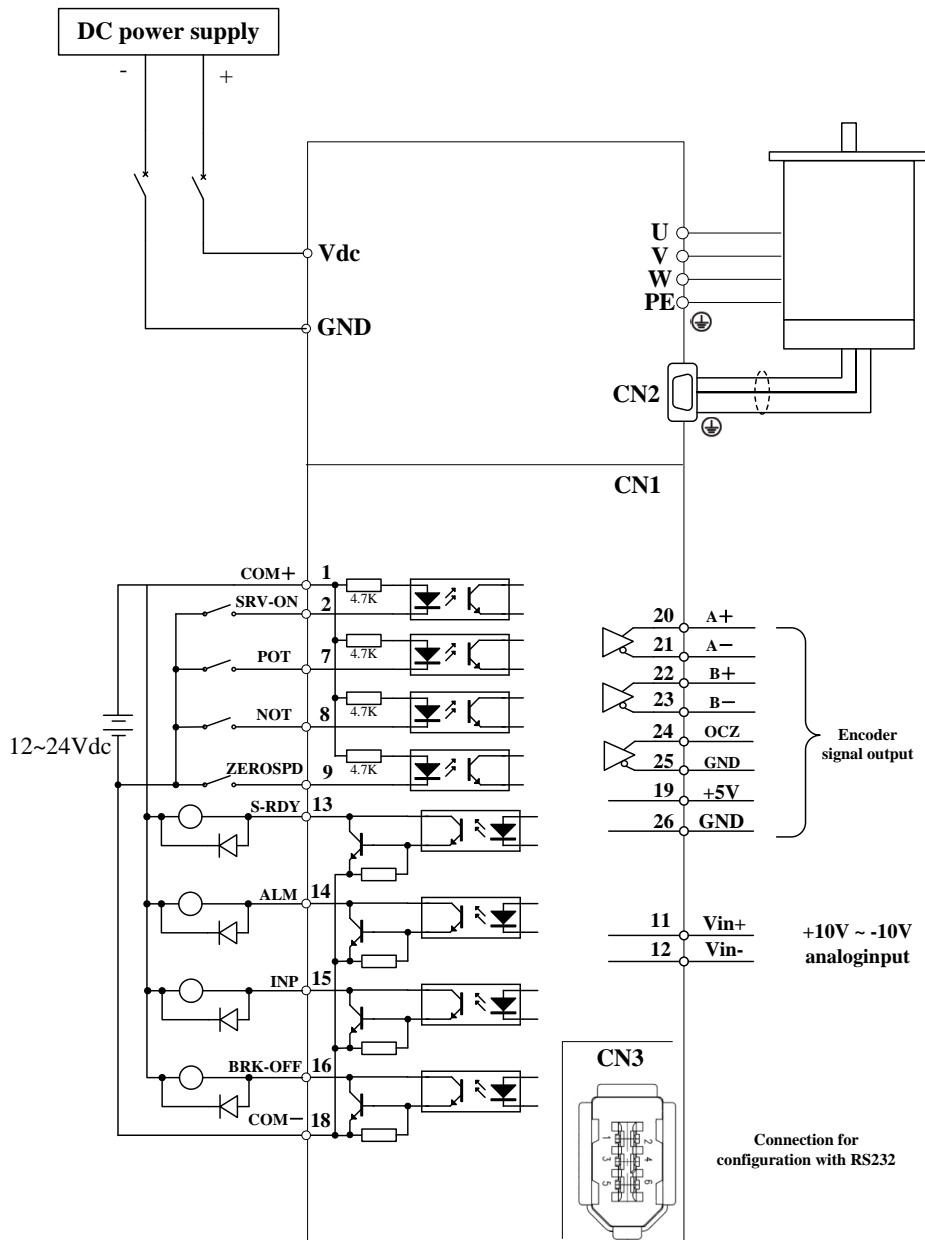
For details of SI input function, refer to PA_400 – PA409.

For details of SO output function, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

7.3.3 Velocity Mode

The driver is widely used for accuracy speed control in velocity control mode.

You can control the speed according to the analog speed command from the host controller or the speed command set in servo driver.


Figure 7-7 Velocity Mode Typical Wiring Diagram

Relevant parameters setup of velocity control mode

1. Velocity control by analog speed command

The analog speed command input voltage is converted to equivalent digital speed command. You can set the filter to eliminate noise or adjust the offset.

Table 7.15 Parameter Setup of Analog Speed Command

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_300	Velocity setup internal/external switching	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_301	Speed command rotational direction selection	
3	PA_302	Speed command input gain	
4	PA_303	Speed command reversal input	
5	PA_422	Analog input offset setup	
6	PA_423	Analog input filter	

2. Velocity control by internal speed command

You can control the speed by using the internal speed command set to the parameter. By using the internal speed command selection 1,2,3(INTSPD 1,2,3), you can select best appropriate one

Table 7.16 Parameter Setup of Internal Speed Commands Carry Out Speed Control

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_300	Velocity setup internal/external switching	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_301	Speed command rotational direction selection	
3	PA_304	1st speed setup	
4	PA_305	2nd speed setup	
5	PA_306	3rd speed setup	
6	PA_307	4th speed setup	
7	PA_308	5th speed setup	
8	PA_309	6th speed setup	
9	PA_310	7th speed setup	
10	PA_311	8th speed setup	

3. Speed zero clamp (ZEROSPD)

You can forcibly set the speed command to 0 by using the speed zero clamp input.

Table 7.17 Parameter setup of speed zero clamp

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_315	Speed zero-clamp function selection	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_316	Speed zero clamp level	

And the input port should be assigned for “ZEROSPD”, for details of these parameters, refer to PA_400 – PA409.

4. Attained speed output (AT-SPEED)

The signal AT-SPEED is output as the motor reaches the speed set to Pr4.36”attained speed”

Table 7.18 Parameter Setup of attained speed output

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_436	At-speed	Please refer to chapter 4

And the output port should be assigned for “AT-SPEED”, for details of these parameters, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

5. Speed coincidence output (V-COIN)

The signal is output when the motor speed is equal to the speed specified by the speed command. The motor speed is judged to be coincident with the specified speed when the difference from the speed command before/after acceleration/deceleration is within the range specified by Pr4.35”Speed coincident range”

Table 7.19 Parameter Setup of Speed Coincidence Output

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_435	Speed coincidence range	Please refer to chapter 4

And the output port should be assigned for “V-COIN”, for details of these parameters, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

6. Speed command accelerates and decelerates setup

This function controls the speed by adding acceleration or deceleration instruction in the driver to the input speed command.

Using this function, you can use the soft start when inputting stepwise speed command or when using internal speed setup. You can also use S shaped acceleration/deceleration function to minimize shock due to change in speed.

Table 7.20 Parameter Setup of Speed Command Acceleration/Deceleration

No	Parameter	Name	Set method
1	PA_312	Acceleration time setup	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_313	Deceleration time setup	
3	PA_314	Sigmoid acceleration/deceleration time setup	

When the position loop is external to the driver, don't use the acceleration/deceleration time setting. Set these values to 0.

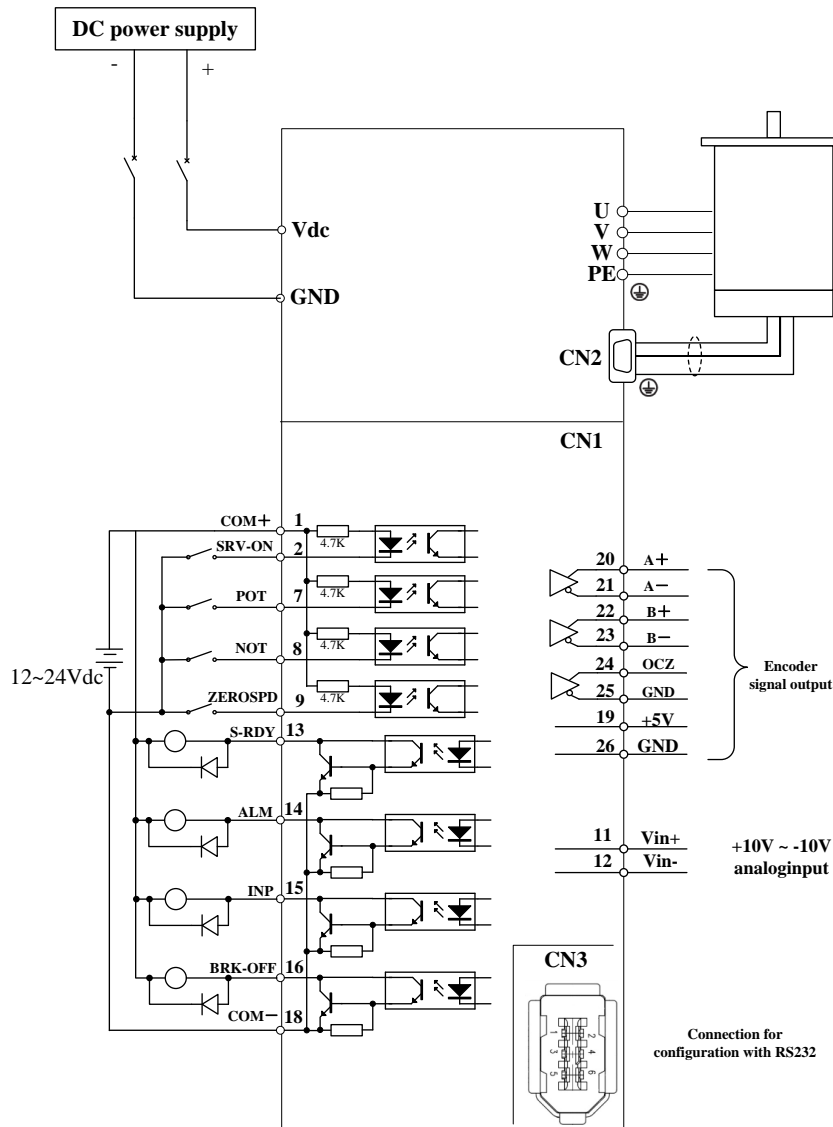
7. SI/SO function setup.

For details of SI input function, refer to PA_400 – PA_409.

For details of SO output function, refer to PA_410 – PA_415.

7.3.4 Torque Mode

The torque control is performed according to the torque command specified in the form of analog voltage. For controlling the torque, the speed limit input is required in addition to the torque command to maintain the motor speed within the speed limit.


Figure 7-8 Torque Mode Typical External Wiring Diagram

Relevant parameters setup of torque control mode

1. Analog torque command input

Table 7.21 Parameter Setup of Analog Torque Command Input

No	Parameter	Name	Setup Method
1	PA_318	Torque command direction selection	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_319	Torque command input gain	
3	PA_320	Torque command input reversal	
4	PA_422	Analog input offset setup	
5	PA_423	Analog input filter	

2. Speed limit function

The speed limit is one of protective functions used during torque control.

This function regulates the motor speed so that it doesn't exceed the speed limit while the torque is controlled.

Table 7.22 Parameter Setup of Speed Limit Function

No	Parameter	Name	Setup method
1	PA_321	Speed limit value 1	Please refer to chapter 4
2	PA_315	Zero-clamp function selection	
3	PA_302	Speed command input gain	
4	PA_422	Analog input offset setup	
5	PA_423	Analog input filter	

3. SI/SO function set

For details of SI input function, refer to PA_400 – PA409.

For details of SO output function, refer to PA_410 – PA415.

Chapter 8 Product Specification


Notice

Servo drive must be matched with relevant servo motor, Contact tech@leadshine.com for more technical service.

8.1 Driver Technical Specification

Table 8.1 Driver Specification

Type	ELD5-400/ELD5-400U	ELD5-400Z/ELD5-400UZ
Rated output power	400W	
Rated output current	10	
Max output current	30	
Main power	24-60VDC	
Control mode	IGBT SVPWM sinusoidal wave control	
Feedback mode	1000line 2500line encoder with 5V TTL signal.	5000P/R./17-bit /23-bit serial encoder
Input pulse	0-450kHz,5V differential /single-ended input	
Adjust speed ratio	1:5000	
Electronic gear ratio	1~32767/1~32767	
Analog input	-10~10Vdc,input resistance 20KΩ, no isolation	
Velocity bandwidth	600HZ	
Input signal	Servo enable, over-travel inhibition, gain switching, command pulse inhibition, speed zero clamp, deviation counter clear, alarm clear	
Output signal	Alarm output, servo-ready, at-speed, zero-detection, velocity coincidence	
Encoder signal output	A phase, B phase, Z phase, long-distance drive mode output	
Alarm function	Over-voltage, under-voltage, over-current, over-load, encoder error, position deviation error, brake alarm, limit alarm, over-speed error etc.	
Operation and display	jog, trapezoidal wave test, each parameter and input output signal can be modified and saved, six-bit LED to display rotational speed, current, position deviation, driver type version and address ID value etc.	
Debug software	You can adjust the parameters of current loop, velocity loop, position loop, and change the value of input and output signals and the parameter of motor and save the values to the files which can be downloaded and uploaded, monitor the waveform of velocity and position in the ladder.	
Communication interface	RS-232,RS485,Modbus	
Brake mode	Built-in brake 50Ω/50W	
Adapt load inertia	Less than 10 times motor inertia recommended	
weight	About 1.5-3Kg	
environment	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases
	Ambient Temp	0 to +40℃ .
	Humidity	40% RH to 90%RH , no condensation
	Vibration	5.9 m/s ² MAX
	Storage Temperature	-20~80℃
	Installation	Vertical installation

8.2 Accessory selection

1. motor cable
2. encoder cable
3. brake cable
4. software configuration cable
5. control signal terminal CN1 (26 pin)
6. control signal shell CN1

Chapter 9 Order Guidance

9.1 Capacity Selection

To determine the capacity of servo system, we must consider the inertia of load, torque of load, the positioning accuracy, the requirement of the highest speed, consider the selection according to the following steps:

1) Calculate Inertia of Load and Torque

You can refer to relative information to calculate inertia of load, torque of load, acceleration/deceleration torque as the next step basis.

2) Identify Mechanical Gear Ratio

According to the maximum speed and the highest speed of the motor ,you can calculate the maximum of mechanical reduction ratio, by using it and minimum of motor turning unit ,to calculate if they can meet the requirements of the smallest position unit or not. If the positional precision is high, you can increase the mechanical reduction ratio or select motor with higher capacity.

3) Calculate Inertia and Torque.

Convert mechanical reduction ratio of the load inertia and load torque to the motor shaft, while the result shall be not 5 times more than motor inertia. If the requirements can't be matched, you can increase the mechanical reduction ratio (the actual maximum speed reducing) or select larger capacity motor.

9.2 Electronic Gear Ratio

In position control mode, the actual speed = command pulse velocity $\times G$ \times mechanical reduction ratio.

In position control mode, the actual load minimum displacement = minimum command pulse travel $\times G$ \times mechanical reduction ratio.

【Note】 If the electronic gear ratio of G is not 1, gear ratio division may have the remainder, then there will be position deviation existed, the maximum deviation is the minimum of rotation (minimum resolution).

Appendix

Quick guide for tuning the servo

Here is the example for debugging the parameter.

A. Check value of **Pr715** and **Pr716** if it is suitable for motor

- ✧ This step is only needed for motor with 1000line or 2500line incremental encoder.
- ✧ Motor with 5000line. 17bit. 23bit serial encoder can match ELD5-400Z/ELD5-400ZU automatically.

Motor type	Pr715	Pr716
ACM602V36-01-1000	1	33
ACM604V36-01-1000	2	33
57BL180D-1000	3	33
BLM57180-1000		
ACM4005V24-T-2500	8	4
ACM4010V24-T-2500	9	4
ACM602V36-T-2500	6	36
ACM602V24-T-2500	7	36
ACM604V48-T-2500		
If the motor is with brake, the default setting is the same with motor without brake .		

No need to care about the current loop tuning , it has been finished inside the driver .

Download new value of parameters to the driver and save it, and restart the driver to make the new value available.

Refer to “ Quick Reference Of EL5 series Servo Product.pdf ” for details about tuning the servo .

Notice: Please contact tech@leadshine.com for technical service for 3rd party motor .

Contact us

China Headquarters

Address: 11/F, Block A3, iPark, No.1001 Xueyuan Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

Technical Support

Tel: 86-755-2641-8447

86-755-2641-8774 (for Asia, Australia, Africa areas)

86-755-2665-5136 (for America areas)

86-755-8654-2465 (for Europe areas)

Fax: 86-755-2640-2718

Email: tech@leadshine.com (for All)

Sales Hot Line

Tel: 86-755-2641-7674 (for Asia, Australia, Africa areas)

86-755-2640-9254 (for Europe areas)

86-755-2641-7617 (for America areas)

Email: sales@leadshine.com